

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 1, 1897.

Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga., P. O.
as Second Class Matter.

The fever is still spreading in all the cities stricken by it.

There was a good deal of fighting in Dawsonville Monday—show day.

Will Myers has been captured again. This time he is in Anderson, S. C.

A negro was arrested in Atlanta the other day for having a pistol loaded with wooden balls.

Trade with your home merchants and keep all the money you can in circulation at home.

Build up your home industries by patronizing them. This is one way to bring about good times.

The report that Rome is to have a negro post master is said to be a false alarm. But Augusta has one.

At the recent camp meeting at Hinton in Pickens county a great deal of liquor was sold and it is said that a grave mound was used as a place upon which to measure grog.

Atlanta is now nursing a case of yellow fever, being a lady refugee from Mobile, Ala. The house is being closely guarded and there is said to be no danger of it spreading.

A bloody riot occurred at Girardville, Pa., Sunday night among miners, who fought with guns, clubs and axes, resulting in nine being fatally and forty seriously wounded.

When traveling tell strangers about the richness of the gold mines in Lumpkin. Don't exaggerate for they are rich enough to catch the eye of investors if their true value were known.

Walter Leatherwood, who is well known to the people of Dahlonega, was arrested in Atlanta the other day charged with robbery to the amount of \$80. Fifty of this amount was found on his person when arrested.

Raymond Bushrod, col., was lynched near Hawsville, Ky., last Saturday in broad day light for running down and outraging a white lady. Eight hundred people were present, among them one hundred women.

A dispatch from Havana gives an account of recent tortures by Cubans. Men, women and children were put to death. A woman was burned alive while hanging by her feet. A man's arms and legs were cut off and then he was killed.

A slaughter of a mother and her six children occurred at the home of John Boecker near Carroll, Ia., the other night. The father and husband, after completing his bloody work sent a bullet through his head inflicting a fatal wound. Motive of the terrible tragedy not known.

It is claimed that a correct survey of the line between Tennessee and Georgia would cut Chattanooga off into this state. This line has never been satisfactorily settled, and it is probable that some action will be taken by the two states for the purpose of having it definitely located. The legislature of Tennessee passed an act, only a few years ago, providing for a survey but Georgia has never moved in the matter.

A young lady by the name of Miss Mayfield, of Fayette county, proved true to her lover named Homer Horton who was confined in Fulton county jail last week for blockading. She followed him to the jail and remained until night, when she left saying that she would have him out of there. Sure enough she returned the next day with a bondsman and her lover was released. They threw their arms around each other and cried for joy at his liberation.

THE JACKSON COUNTY

Murderers Didn't Hang Last Friday.

Both Men Made Statements.

The great crowd that appeared in Jefferson last Friday were very much disappointed when they learned that Reynolds and Brooks, the murderers of merchant Hunt, would not hang on that day. Reynolds was resited for four weeks and the case of Brooks was appealed to the Supreme Court.

These murderers were so certain they would hang that they both made statements which we copy from the Jackson County Herald.

Reynolds said:

"I killed Mr. Hunt myself. Mr. Brooks first suggested that we kill and rob him, and we picked out a place on Mrs. Butler's farm to do the work. I got Mr. Hunt down there, and I was to carry him where Brooks was pretending to get croissants, and he was to kill him with an axe, but Mr. Hunt and I did not get close enough to Brooks. Mr. Hunt shot a bird, and we followed the boy where we thought they settled on the branch. As we went on up the branch I picked up a small rock, and when I got to a good place, was near Mr. Hunt, and I hit him on the back of the head, but on the right side. He staggered and said, 'Oh, me.' I snatched the gun out of his hand. He pulled his pistol from his pocket, but before he could use it I knocked him in the head with the gun. I broke the gun the first lick. I struck him twice more with the gun. I took the pocket-book out containing the greenbacks, hid it under a rock, and went for Brooks, and said: 'Come on Bud, I have killed him.' We went back where he was, and I struck him another lick. We consulted for some time. We took the gold and papers off the body and left it. Then we both went to the house, but in different directions. This was just before night. I told that Mr. Hunt was at the iron bridge waiting for me, and I was going to carry him to depot to take train for Athens. Brooks said he was going to Athens, too, and I said I would carry him to the depot. We ate supper, then went to Harmony Grove. I carried Bud to depot, and we went up to beef market. He made me above Harmony Grove, and we went back where Mr. Hunt's body was. We stripped off our clothes, and I carried the head and Bud the feet, and we carried it to the river. I cut the body open. We weighed the body down with rocks. After that we put on our clothes, and I carried Brooks below Harmony Grove, where the greenback was divided about equally. I thought I had lost the gold, and did not discover that I had it until we parted. I was quiet, good citizen till my wife and I had differences. I began to drink, and led a bad life, kept wandering off till I got in this. I advise every one when they get into trouble not to drown their troubles with whisky, but carry them to the Lord in prayer. I carry every one to live right. It is the sad regret of my life that I did not take this advice, if I had I would not have been where I am to-day."

Brooks said he ought to have a new trial.

Brooks said:

"I was a good citizen till I commenced to make and sell whisky then I went from bad to worse till I came to this. I hope that all connected with the whisky business in any way, will quit it and take up something there is some good in, in whisky there is nothing but ruin. I don't believe I would have been under the sentence I am if the truth had been sworn, and I believe I ought to have had a new trial on account of this. I did not do the killing, though I helped to plan it, and got part of the money."

Dahlonega Citizens Take Notice.

The citizens of Dahlonega and surrounding country are requested to meet in the court house on the first Tuesday in October at 1 o'clock for the purpose of taking some steps towards the construction of a telephone line to this place from Gainesville. Every one feeling an interest in this important matter are invited to come out.

The Blalock Committee at the N. G. A. College.

On Wednesday of last week Col. Swift, of Elberton, of the Blalock Committee, reached Dahlonega for the purpose of checking up the books of treasurer Capt. F. W. Hall, as stated in last week's paper. As soon as the Colonel had eaten supper he asked for the books for '95, '96 and '97 with the accompanying vouchers. He began checking up each item, and must have worked until late that night. Thursday morning Col. Swift visited the college with President Stewart and made an appropriate speech at chapel service. Among other things he said that he had finished checking up the books for '95 and '96 and that he felt free to say that he was already convinced that the state's money was more economically administered here than at any other of the state institutions; that the treasurer's reports were the most complete and clear of any, and that he had not found an error. Privately he spoke more fully of Capt. Hall's work as treasurer and asked for a copy of his report of '97 that might show it to the entire committee as a model report.

For an hour or two he accompanied President Stewart through the different recitation rooms, inspecting the building and farm lands. He was particularly struck with the personal student body. He noted with pleasure the 127 young men and ladies present, representing over 30 counties.

He remarked that he had often been told that this was a local school, but this visit had convinced him that it was as truly a state institution, in support and patronage, as any. He was much interested in arrangements for boarding students and expressed surprise and pleasure at the low cost of living.

Thursday afternoon Col. Charles and Col. Swift drove out to several gold mines, and in the evening Col. Swift was entertained by the president of the college.

Col. Swift returned to Gainesville Friday, having finished his examination without finding an error or an expensive 'tag.'

He stated on leaving that he had no boy to send to college but he expected to place a notice in his county paper calling for an applicant for his appointment.

Col. Swift impressed our people as being a good business man, conscientious in the discharge of his thankless duty.

His investigation only enforces what the State School Commissioner said in his report to the Governor last year: "That no other state school had given so large a return for the money expended."

Come again Col. Swift and bring the rest of your committee.

Dowdy and Jarrard Will Not Make Any Debates.

ED. NUGGET:

I saw a long letter in your issue of the 17th ult., from my friend Jarrard, who is on all my points but the stock law. I have no interest in debating that law alone. It is like all the rest of the laws that I mentioned. It was forced on the people. I would like to debate the whole together at every school house in this county. I used 1856 to show the birth of the child and 1860 to show its growth. Then I wanted to use 1870 to show the child's manhood in destroying the best government in the world. Salary grab act, the national debt hung up against the rising race. The Supreme Court spread out revenue raiding, confiscating and destroying the poor man's labor and property. This was the growth of the child. These laws were never asked for by the people, neither was the school system, neither the stock law. Only as it cut its way. So, if I can't debate from the birth of wrong and ruin I am out. I am glad that Mr. Jarrard is with me in all except one point. I forgive you as you asked me to do.

J. R. DOWDY.

Mining Notes.

The owners of the Big Joe Mine hope to have their new mill up and in operation by the middle of next week.

They are now cleaning out the Singleton ditch and repairing the mill, which work will be completed in a short time.

The reservoir at the Hand mine bursted one day last week which stopped the operations for several days until it could be repaired.

Editor McIntosh is expected back in a few days and it is quite likely that he will commence active operation at his valuable gold mine in the lower part of the county.

The managers of the Baily Mine in the lower edge of the county, have had the water on their mine for some days and been actively engaged in taking out the precious metal ever since.

We cannot give a great deal of mining news until it rains and some of the idle mills, that had to cease moving on account of the drought, start up again. In many places there is not even enough water to prospect with.

Capt. Ingersoll informs us that they are taking advantage of the dry weather at the Barlow by beating the ore from the rich chute spoken of last week by hand. One hundred dollars per day is being mortared and panned out at this place.

We understand that Mr. Metz, of Brooklyn, who recently visited this place and was pleased with the mining outlook in this section, is expected back again in a few days for the purpose of investing in certain mining property in the lower part of the county.

Visitors frequently ask, "Do the gold mines pay here?" They certainly do. If they didn't they wouldn't continue operating them for years without a change in the ownership even. Look at the Hand, Barlow and others that we might mention. They are now making one hundred dollars per day at the latter mine, beating it by hand in a mortar. And quite a lot of ore already in sight worth sixty-six thousand dollars per ton as recently assayed by a disinterested party.

The other day while Kenny Porter was some twelve or fifteen feet high gathering apples he fell to the ground badly bruising his head and shoulder. He is still suffering from the wounds.

CITY TAX NOTICE.

The city commissioners voted that the city tax books of Dahlonega be open on the 30th of October, 1897, according to instructions from the Mayor and Council. All persons having failed to settle their taxes by that time will have it fas issued against them. I will be in my office the last day for the purpose of accommodating those who may not see me before that time.

T. S. WATERS,
City Marshal.

NOTICE TO LOCAL LEGISLATORS.

Georgia, Lumpkin County: The legislature adjourned at the session of the state legislature beginning 4th October, 1897, within the legal hours of session, the following property, to-wit:

Land in Dahlonega, Georgia, amounting to 110 acres, situated in the 4th district of Lumpkin county, Georgia, containing 90 acres more or less and being the place where Newton Jones now resides, together with all buildings and improvements thereon. Said property levied on as the property of Newton Jones to satisfy an execution issued from the Justice Court of the 124th district, G. M., of said county in favor of F. Moore against C. J. Jones, Newton Jones and C. J. Jones, on the 7th day of September, 1897.

J. R. BROOKSHER,
Sheriff.

Sept. 23, 1897.

THE

Commissary,

Public Square, Besser House.

— DEALER IN —

General Merchandise,

Mining Supplies

A Specialty.

Cash Paid for Country Produce,
May 28 G. C. WALLACE, Gen. Man.

FALL

COODS!

READ AND SAVE MONEY

We are determined to make our Store Headquarters for Dress Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, Hosiery, Dry Goods, Gloves and EVERYTHING ELSE kept in a STORE.

We pay spot cash for our goods and propose to give customers the benefit of the discount allowed us.

H. D. GURLEY.

Dec. 19, 1896. 1v.

BLACKSMITHING.

J. P. BELL,

NEW BRIDGE, GA.

Repairs Farming Tools, Wagons, Buggies, etc. Shoes Hores. Horses ALL ROUND for 30 cts.

J. P. BELL.

dec 25 1896

New Bridge, Ga.

THE BURNSIDE HOUSE



J. V. Harbison, Prop.

Most convenient hotel in Dahlonega. Clean beds, good fare and low rates.

G. H. McGuire,

JEWELER,

Dahlonega, Ga.

Books

FOR A

Situation.

Address WILBUR R. SMITH,

LEXINGTON, KY.

For circular of his talents and responsible

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY. UNIVERSITY

Graduates of in positions,

Books and Board in family, about \$6.

Send for circular.

Nov. 1st to April 1st.

Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 1, 1897.

Capt. Ingorsoll visited Atlanta latter part of last week.

Send along the money if you want to read the NUGGET.

The New Union Association is in session at Bethlehem Church.

Peter Duncan, of Auraria gaisted a cucumber this year that measured fourteen inches in length.

Capt. John Weaver, of Auraria, spent a few hours with his friends in Dahlonega the other day.

Frank Meaders, who is in the picture business, came home Saturday from Atlanta and other points but he left out again this week.

Col. Farrow spent a few hours in Dahlonega last Tuesday and informed us that his hotel at Porter would close out for the season to-day.

Mrs. James Longstreet, who has been spending several days at Porter Springs, will return to Atlanta this week to resume her duties at the capitol.

Tax Receiver Grizzel has secured the contract to carry this end of the Dahlonega and Ellijay mail line. Mr. Grizzel is a minister and it is not supposed that he will be accused of selling blockade liquor.

Will Parker and James Wootton were captured in an illicit distillery near the latte house, by Marshal Harbison last Monday night and brought to town for a hearing before Com. Baker. They were bound over.

U. S. Deputy Collector Bergstrom paid the blockaders of this county his first visit this week and was in company with Marshal Harbison the other night when they captured a keg of whiskey in the woods near James Wootton's residence.

John W. Smith, of this county, was wedded to Mrs. Temple Brown, of Hall, last Sunday. Uncle John is in his 73rd year but is hale and hearty and we trust that him and his lady may yet see many more winters and enjoy both happiness and prosperity.

W. G. Clark's show exhibited here last Tuesday and was well patronized. It is generally said that the street parade is the best part of a show, but it is not true in this case. Their parade was sorry but the exhibition was good and well worth the money. It went from here to Cleveland.

It is said that Wilks Logins and Henry Hollifield decided that they could make money gathering ginseng and went out a short time ago and put in a full week in digging it, and when they went to Atlanta to dispose of it only had a little over a pound. The boys won't tell what they got for their weeks work.

The doors of the Besser House will soon be closed and the entire premises vacated. Mr. Harris will move to the old academy and the Commissary will be moved into the Thomas building. Uncle Charlie Besser is old and has become childish and has a notion that the occupants must buy the building but they prefer getting out.

J. V. Harbison went down to Atlanta this week and tendered his resignation as U. S. Deputy Marshal. A strong fight was being made against Mr. Harbison by members of the present administration because he was a democrat and seeing that he would be pitched off the McKinley boat before long decided to get off himself without any assistance, as the cause of the change. The government has never had a man in this position here that made as many arrests and destroyed as many illicit distillers as the one just gone out, but his taste didn't suit the present party and Mr. Johnson has now appointed D. M. Grizzel, T. S. Waters and D. S. Prewitt as their successors. Dennis will wake up the boys in a few days.

Ben. Whitmire and Piercan Edmonson left out with the show.

S. A. Smith and wife have been taking in the Nashville exposition this week.

City Marshal Waters thinks he will resign in a short time and go into other business.

A bill will be introduced in the next legislature to establish public schools in Dahlonega.

The Porter Spring mail rider will only make two trips a week now until next summer.

Capt. Kingsberry, who is engaged in mining in the lower part of the county, was in Dahlonega last Tuesday.

Although Tuesday was an exciting day some of those wishing to keep posted on home matters didn't neglect to give us a call.

Some of the blockaders got in some good work on show day. Besides making a profit on what liquor they sold had enough left to get drunk on.

Wm. Riley, one of the trustees of the colored camp ground requests us to state that he did not give any one permission to sell wine that camp ground, as has been reported.

While Hughes Moore was moving John Marlow to Hall county Wednesday, the team ran away down the Finley Hill, tore up the wagon considerably and bruised up one of John's children a little.

The team of Allen Apderson, which was attached to a wagon, left alone at the rear of the Old Commissary, ran away last Saturday. They were stopped the other side of Dr. Howard's fish pond without doing any damage.

W. C. Thomas received a heavy blow across the head Tuesday evening at the show by Marshal Waters, who charged him with being drunk and disorderly. There was quite a nice display of pistols by some of the boys for a short while.

Frank Meaders and Bud Pitman had a few angry words night of the show causing Frank to draw his pistol and Bud his knife, but nothing further was done. Bud objected to Frank escorting a young lady relative of his home, was the cause.

Wm. Scott came to town last Saturday to consult the ordinary and see if he couldn't resign as one of the members of the Road Com. commissioners of Davis' district. In case fines cannot be collected out of defaulters by *ffas* he favors issuing warrants and one of the others opposes it. This is why Mr. Scott wishes to give up his office and step down and out and retire to private life.

Every effort should be used next court to bring the school house burners in Davis' district to justice. The children cannot get the benefit of any of the school fund in that district on account of these funds who prowl around after dark and use the torch on school houses.

It seems that most of the snakes this season have been making Charlie Dotson's their head quarters. He killed his fifth rattler there last Friday nearly as large as his leg, which came near biting him. And a few days ago he discovered one of a different variety which had located in the top of his house. Charlie had been thinking of leaving off his toddy but this snake business has given him a scare.

Green Abercrombie, of Auraria, who are down the country taking orders for the enlargement of pictures, had trouble a few nights ago with some railroad toughs at Jenkinsburgh. They arrived at the place late and put up their tent in the edge of town. A short time after dark the marshal informed our boys that some toughs had threatened to tear down their tent. So the boys got ready for the fight and Frank Jones left a negro boy and McAfee in the tent while they located near by. In a short time the rowdies appeared and commenced their mischief which came near resulting in some of their deaths. The Dahlonega boys fired into the toughs which was returned and an exchange of shots kept up for some time. When the smoke cleared away three or four of the rowdies were found shot while our boys were not even scratched. These sent for a physician while their companions left town. Several balls passed through houses near by but the occupants were not harmed. No charges were made against the Dahlonega boys. The Mayor said they did right.

See city tax notice elsewhere in this issue.

Ben. Moore is now at the Big Joe mine in Hall county, keeping time, etc.

Col. J. H. Mooye, his wife and daughter, of Canton, are again registered at the Allen House.

Judge B-ittain's sweet potato tops down at his farm show that they were paid a visit by jack frost last week.

Fifty-nine votes were cast in the Yahoolla stock law election last Wednesday and "stock law" carried by eleven majority.

Numbers of Lumpkin county's citizens are "billed" in Atlanta for the next few days as defendants and witnesses in the U. S. Court.

Joe Seabolt and Eli Lee, of this county, were tried before Commissioner Baker last Friday charged with running an illicit distillery. Seabolt was bound over and Lee discharged.

Col. Howard Thompson passed through Dahlonega last Friday and had a political bee in his hat that will not cease making a noise until the Colonel represents the 9th Congressional district in congress.

There is a farmer up in Cane Creek that will never get the worth of his fodder when he sells it. While stacking it he would get next to the pole, so he says, and pile the fodder up with a long stick which had a hook in the end of it.

J. L. Daniel got one of his forefingers cut off by a hand car last Friday at the Kentucky Mine. He had his hands on the outside of the car which was going at full speed, when it jumped the track and his finger was cut entirely off by a piece of timber.

The wedding which occurred in Dahlonega on Thursday evening of last week was quite a surprise to many of our citizens as the two were never seen in each other's company. The contracting parties were Mr. E. E. Crisson and Miss Rachel Lee, Rev. G. Hughes performed the ceremony. We extend to them our best wishes for a long and prosperous life.

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of the members of the Road Com. commissioners of Davis' district. In case fines cannot be collected out of defaulters by *ffas* he favors issuing warrants and one of the others opposes it. This is why Mr. Scott wishes to give up his office and step down and out and retire to private life.

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J. W. Chapman left last Sunday to enter the Normal School at Athens.

W. P. Price, Jr., has moved into his father's house on Park Street.

Old man Wayester who has been living on the Chestatree river nearly all his life says that the stream has been lower this summer than he ever saw it before.

The street lamps in their present shape are a perfect failure, and the council will either have to send off after some Chinese lightning bugs or hire three or four little boys to hold torches at night.

Acting city marshal Brooksher got after a fellow Saturday night who fired off his little pistol in the old Muster Ground six times, but the fellow legs were put into active use and got away.

City Marshal Waters, as soon as he ascertained that J. V. Harbison was going to resign the office of U. S. Deputy Marshal, hopped into a buggy last Friday and left out for Atlanta to see Mr. Johnson in his own behalf.

Interesting meetings were carried on at both the Methodist and Baptist churches at Auraria all last week. Rev. Hill Roberts, of Forsyth county conducted the Baptist services and Rev. W. T. Hunnicut, of Dahlonega the Methodist.

The case against John Satterfield made by Harve Anderson for assaulting him was compromised and settled last week, but when John came to the show Tuesday he was arrested on another warrant for cutting up at the negro camp ground and had to go to jail in default of bond.

It will cost nothing to meet in the court house next Tuesday and exchange views about the building of a telephone line to Dahlonega. Then it will only require a few cents to see what the telephone companies will erect one to this place for. Have you enough got up about you to spend this much time and money in this important matter?

Uncle George Reeves, one among Lumpkin's oldest citizens who resides down close to New Bridge, paid our office a pleasant call last Saturday. He is an old timer and still clings to the old ways and doesn't try to make any extra flourishes. When this old gentleman was a boy there was no such a thing as a piano or organ. The music then was made on spinning wheels and looms by the young ladies which could be heard in every man's residence. Then things were good and the country was in a flourishing condition.

Uncle Henry Castleberry, the oldest negro in the county against whom the last grand jury returned a bill charging him with selling liquor, came hobbling into town last Saturday to see the clerk about his case. The old darkey is too feeble to work in the chain gang and couldn't pay twenty-five cents if the cost was remitted, and what can be done with him we cannot tell unless the court forgives him like he said the Lord and church did. Some of his brethren knew that the old negro was selling liquor but they didn't take any steps to church him until he was pulled into court. Probably if the members of his church had done their duty they could have stopped him in this business before he had to be led into court, thus saving the county of a considerable expense for all this trouble.

Wm. Postell, Sr., who was charged with illicit distilling three years ago was given up by his bondsmen G. W. Walker, last Saturday and Marshal Harbison carried the old man off to Atlanta last Sunday, together with young Seabolt who was bound over for the same offense one day last week. Since the signing of the bond Walker and Postell had a falling out some time ago, is why the case took this course. Postell made the race for the legislature before he was defeated as a republican at the last election and talked of trying it again.

Virge Moose of New Bridge, was in Dahlonega last Sunday and related how he had been swindled out of a small amount of money. He said that he saw an advertisement some weeks ago in a paper where a New York man proposed for the sum of ten cents to send a receipt for the destruction of bed bugs. And as these pests would not let him sleep at his house either day or night he thought he would try it. So he sent the money and soon received a letter containing two little cards with the following directions: "Lay one card down on a firm place, put the chintz on it, then place the other card on the bug and press like h—l."

Rev. Hill Robertson, of Forsyth county, paid our town a pleasant visit last Saturday.

Quite a number of our citizens went up to Willow last Sunday to see T. A. P. Tate, of that place baptized.

Two men have been busy for several days summoning witnesses in this section to attend the U. S. Court in Atlanta.

The little negro boy that was cut in the back by young Brooksher is well enough to play about on the streets and whistle Dixie.

The new iron bridge was completed Monday at noon and the contractor has been paid off and is now at home. The delay in the construction of the bridge cost the contractor \$25.

The crops are almost matured and there is no use asking us to see if the NUGGET on time any longer. If you can't pay for a paper you never will, and bear in mind that we are furnishing no free literature.

Judge Tate visited Yahoolla law ground last Saturday in order to give the voters of that district a chance to register so as to be ready to vote in the stock law. A large crowd was present and Col. Farrow was there putting in good time electioneering for the stock law.

It will cost nothing to meet in the court house next Tuesday and exchange views about the building of a telephone line to Dahlonega. Then it will only require a few cents to see what the telephone companies will erect one to this place for. Have you enough got up about you to spend this much time and money in this important matter?

It is said that Ike Anderson has made at least \$40 since the stock law went into effect in Porter Springs district by catching up his neighbor's stock. The other day the old man got left on this business. He caught one of his kinsman's calves and required the usual fee of fifty cents before he would turn it over to its owner. So the owner gave like an order, so it is said, to a merchant of Dahlonega for the fifty cents and got his calf and then rushed on and told the merchant not to pay off the order.

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Rev. W. G. Spencer has bought the shools of the Chestatree river formerly belonging to Henry Grindell and is going to move some of his mills to that place.

Prof. T. W. Seabolt has gone into the mercantile business over in Chestatree. Mr. Seabolt is one of the foremost young men of the county and as he has been successful in all his other attempts we feel sure he will make a prosperous merchant.

Judge Kinsey Writes More About Registration.

CLEVELAND, GA., Sept. 23.
Mr. W. B. TOWNSEND,
Dahlonega, Ga.

DEAR SIR:—Since writing you in which I gave you my opinion that voters are not required to register, I concluded to write you again and give you another section of the law and let you judge for yourself. (I mean not required to register in a district election for stock law.)

This opinion may be incorrect from the fact that section 1788 of the new Code, Vol. I., provides this, that a voter shall be a qualified voter for a member of the General Assembly and also a bona fide resident of the district for 90 days before the election. But when this law of this section was made no voter was required to register but he had other qualifications, hence I take it for granted that it is the other qualifications now in force. In a word all the qualifications he had at that time are still in force, and the registration act found in another section of the same book, section 35, could not create a new condition of things for an old law and graft it onto the old law without an amendment of it.

So that my best opinion is this, that he need not register to vote in a district for stock law but must have been a bona fide resident of the district for 90 days and have all the qualifications of a member of the General Assembly except registration because it was not required when the old law was made.

Yours truly,
J. J. KIMSEY,

Program of Epworth League
For Tonight.

Song.

Bible reading and prayer.

Song.

Themes—An evening with Georgia writers and orators.

Introduction and outline of the work for October and November.

Speech by L. N. Shahan, Eulogy on Grady.

Song.

Reading by Miss Mary Housley.

Harris, Song of the Chattahoochee—Sid Lanier.

Solo, by Miss Annie Stillwell.

Reading from Uncle Remus by Dr. Maddox.

Reading from the poems of F. L. Stanton by Lee Sosbee.

Song—America.

Business.

Song, God be with me.

B. B. ARTHUR, Chmn' Com.

Temperance Program Sunday Night.

Song.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Reading minutes.

Song.

Reading—Miss Stillwell.

Recitation—Estelle Harris.

Song.

Recitation—Willie Wallace.

Solo—Miss Stillwell.

Reading—Prof. Gaillard.

Reading—Ben Parks.

Choir singing while new members are being enrolled.

Prof. T. W. Seabolt has gone into the mercantile business over in Chestatree. Mr. Seabolt is one of the foremost young men of the county and as he has been successful in all his other attempts we feel sure he will make a prosperous merchant.

Tuesday was the last return day for Lumpkin Superior Court and the following new cases appear on the docket: Florence N. Smith vs. M. G. McElroy, divorce. Bell Jones vs. M. T. Jones, divorce. J. W. H. Underwood vs. Eugene Mayne, attachment. W. G. McNeely vs. H. D. Ingorsoll, complaint, &c. J. B. Larmon vs. L. V. Larmon, divorce. G. W. Ash vs. Rhodie K. Ash, divorce. Henry Thomas, col. vs. Melissa Thomas, col. divorce.

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 8, 1897.

Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga., Post Office, as Second Class Mail.

Talk up your town.

Flanagan's case has been set for Nov. 1st in the Supreme Court.

Mayor Gaston charges \$8 for running a bling tiger in Gainesville.

The United States Supreme court will take up the case of Mrs. Nobles on the 11th.

About twenty thousand people were drowned in China recently near the capital, Pekin. Sixty villages were swept away.

Perry Pitman, charged with carrying concealed weapons, was let out of Morganton jail by some unknown persons the other night.

Mrs. Pomeroy and her daughter were burned to death in Columbus Sunday night caused by the mother dropping a lighted benzene lamp.

Many farm houses and much timber is being destroyed by forest fires in South Dakota. There has been no rain in that section for two months.

McCullough, who is charged with murdering his wife is now on trial at Jonesboro, represented by Tom Watson. The trial is not open to the public.

Bro. Craig, of the Gainesville Eagle thinks of visiting Dahlonega next week. He has no business with either court or jury but is just coming up to see and be seen.

Lofton, the negro post master at Hogsaville, who was shot by some unknown parties in that town some weeks ago will resign in a short time and accept a position in Washington.

It is said that nearly every body was drunk at Cleveland on the 29th and one of the showmen was stabbed by a man named Gibson. Much drinking and fussing was indulged in.

Pink Whelchel, who is well known to the people of Lumpkin county, died in Gainesville last week. He was a good, kind and clever man and we regretted to hear of his death.

A young white girl was found tied hand and feet in the woods near Knoxville the other day who stated that she had been outraged by a negro while off a short distance from the house milking.

The other night in Gainesville some one poured kerosene oil on the old wooden building between the Hatton and Hunt houses and touched it off with a match, which made a good sized blaze for awhile.

Sarah Harris, a church member in Atlanta has sued Rev. Elijah Fisher, pastor of Mount Olive Baptist church, for \$5,000 damages. The minister claimed that she was running a disreputable house.

A No-to-be-a-firm has got a little miffed because we won't insert about half a column of local matter twelve months for \$10. We don't care as far as we are concerned for all this. No-to-be-a-firm is a fraud and we dislike to have any of our readers swindled out of their money.

Jake Waters, who has been wearing a republican robe all along shed it last week and went over to the democratic ranks. Well, we don't know whether to weep or rejoice at the change as the leaders of the party we use to belong to sold us, got up a row and disbanded and we don't know where we belong.

Wash Terren, col., who assaulted two children near Caldeville, Ga., was taken from the jail and hanged to the limb of a tree in front of the court house the other day according to advertisement. This is the first lynching that was ever announced publicly before hand and occurred at the appointed hour.

What a Countryman Saw at the Show in Dahlonega,

SCENES, GA., Oct. 5, 1897.

Mr. Envoy.—

I want to ask you a question. Is it wicked for a church member to go to a show? Now, my old lady and I have been arguing ever since I went to the last show about it. She contends it is wicked. I say it is not. She says for no other reason it gives the money to the preacher and foreign mission. When I heard the show was coming to Dahlonega I was up early that morning and dressed up to go to it and tried to get Betty to go with me, but no, she said, she thought more of herself than to go to such a low down place and said she is wicked to spend money in such a way. I ought to give it to the preacher. Said I, Betty, did I not give you fifteen cents last year for the preacher. The church can't expect me to keep him up, surely. So I went to town and when I saw the big preacher I felt a little ashamed and thought of what Betty said. I followed the band down the street to the tent and slipped in and got up in one corner like so I would not be seen, for I felt a little bit ashamed. But bless you when the people began to come in I saw so many church members coming in I felt at home just as much as I would at a camp meeting. The band struck up and the performance began. Everything passed off well. Then a girl came in. Madam somebody, (I forgot the name)

And she rode around the ring

With the greatest of ease;

She went through the hoops,

Like a bullet through cheese,

She stood on her head;

While her toes she did seize

And she flip flopped

All around the ring.

I blushed, I thought it might

to laugh at such acts but I looked

about me and then church

members in town were just laughing

to split their sides. I was surprised

for when I went to town in

the morning I talked with some of

them and they didn't believe in it

much, but said they were going to

take their children to see the animals

(two goats and a monkey).

Another one of them (when I told

him what Betty said about spending

money in such a way) said that

he went in "dead head", so that

took the curse off. But I could

not see how that was. That night

I went home. Betty was as mad

as ever. I tried to reason with her. I told her all the church

members in town went—shut up

their stores to go to, and that

I went to see the animals. I told

her all the news—how bad the

church members in town acted.

Pulling out pistols to shoot some

one and all that, but she would not

be comforted, and while she lectured

I fell asleep and dreamed the

whole world was a circus, but I

never expect to go again, not even

to see the animals.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

The yellow fever in nearly all

the stricken districts is increasing

but the deaths are few.

The Louisiana state board of

health will ask the Governor for

\$50,000 to aid in the fever fight.

Boon Crawford has been tendered

and has accepted a deputy collector's place with head quarters at Ellijay. Claud has taken his brother's business at Morganton.

The Atlanta Constitution of

Tuesday said that Miss Fleming

of that city is now free from yel-

low fever while a correspond-

writes from Atlanta to the Macon

Telegraph of the same date and says

the lady's case is not so favorable.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

The young ladies of the college

also have a hall in which their so-

cieties holds weekly meetings.

They read, recite, etc., and all seem

to take great delight in their so-

cieties work.

Five hundred people were made

homeless in Austin, Pa., Sunday

night by a destructive fire.

Mining Notes.

The new mill at the Big Joe is completed and in operation.

The dirt work on the Singleton canal was completed last week. New flumes are now being built and the managers hope to have the mill in operation again in a short time.

The small quantity of water in the Hand canal running to the Hand mill has been turned to the Findley mine which gives them a better chance to operate their valuable diggings over there.

Pat Johnson, who had a large quantity of iron pipe leased to work a portion of the Hand property, had to tear up his pipe line and abandon the diggings last week on account of the continued dry weather. He has had the material leased for two months and only been able to work two days.

Editor McIntosh, of Albany, is with us again, who, we are informed will continue prospecting on his mining lot in the Aurora district. Valuable discoveries have already been made on his property but he wishes to make further investigations doubtless to see what size stamp mill it will require to successfully operate it.

This week the managers of the Kentucky mine reduced the number of hands just sufficient to keep the ten stamps in operation both day and night. They succeeded in reaching certain veins which are as good if not better than represented by the former owners, but cannot proceed further until additional machinery is put in to keep the water down. Besides this lumber cannot be had during the present drought to increase their mill facilities or for any other purpose.

The Kingsberry five stamp mill in the lower part of the county has been completed and is ready for active operation. Three valuable veins have already been discovered on this property and we may expect to hear of good results in the near future. But Mr. Kingsberry informs us that he will not be able to do but little until it rains. When he starts up his machinery he says he wants to keep it continuously running. The gentleman says the dredge boat in the vicinity of the Briar Patch is giving very satisfactory results when it can run. The scarcity of water is a drawback to the whole mining interests in the entire mining belt. Mr. Kingsberry ended his conversation by handing us a half wheel of the Nugget, turned his horses head towards his place of business last Monday and bid us goodby.

The Literary Societies N. G.

A. College.

The three literary societies, the Decora, Palathea and Phi Mu for young men of our college, have reorganized and begun work in earnest. The officers are as follows:

Decora Palathea.

H. L. Peacock, President.

W. M. Smith, Vice-President.

A. W. Cann, Secretary.

S. A. Harris, Treasurer.

C. L. Bryson, Cor. Sec.

B. G. Parks, Critic.

J. V. Cochran, Chaplain.

B. P. Gaillard, Sergeant at arms.

Phi Mu.

R. T. Harrell, President.

F. S. Price, Vice-President.

G. W. Thompson, Secretary.

D. C. Stow, Treasurer.

H. D. Gurley, Cor. Sec.

L. N. Shahan, Critic.

B. G. Arthur, Chaplain.

Jack Schlitter, Marshal.

At present the Decora Society has fifty regular members enrolled;

the Phi Mu has twenty-three.

These societies are doing much

good in the way of training young

men in debate and for the practical

affairs of life.

THE YOUNG LADIES OF THE COLLEGE.

The young ladies of the college

also have a hall in which their so-

cieties holds weekly meetings.

They read, recite, etc., and all seem

to take great delight in their so-

cieties work.

Five hundred people were made

homeless in Austin, Pa., Sunday

night by a destructive fire.

LEVIED ON A CORPSE.

An Item Taken From the Old Georgia Journal of 1820.

Here is an item resurrected from the old Georgia Journal of April 11, 1820, published at Milledgeville which will give the present generation an idea of how constables did in those days:

"A Very Strange Affair—On Sunday afternoon last a deputy constable from East Nanterri town-ship arrived in West Chester with the corpse of a man which, while on the way to interment, he had seized for debt and brought to jail. The sheriff very promptly refused to receive it. The constable was immediately arrested and bound over for his appearance at court for the act. The corpse was removed and decently interred.

"Our feelings would lead us to speak in terms of warmth of this foul transaction, which has disgraced the annals of the darkest age of heathen barbarism, but as the subject will undergo a judicial investigation, we suppress them.

County Stock Law Election.

In a few days the ordinary of Lumpkin county will be presented with a petition by citizens asking that he orders an election in accordance with the law published on the first page of this issue so as to decide this matter at once with out going to the trouble and expense of having district elections one at a time. This is a very important matter and one in which every citizen residing within the borders of Lumpkin county is interested. If the "fence" carries it will effect those districts already having the stock law in force. This is the opinion of some of the most able attorneys of our town notwithstanding it is disputed by others. But the law is plain and any one able to read can judge for themselves. If it is necessary to carry it to the courts men are now willing to contribute the necessary funds for the purpose.

A young darkey was in town Wednesday begging money to build a negro monument at Cumming who had lived to the ripe old age of 92, being able to read with out specks. He met with very little success as no one had contributed anything when we examined the paper except some of the county officers and they had only given ten cents a piece which amount is about the usual sum used at first to bait a political hook.

U. S. Deputy Marshal Grizzelle performed his first official business last Wednesday by serving with subpoenas with subpoenas.

Sour Stomach Cure.

A long time I was a great sufferer from Liver and Stomach troubles. I had a dull pain in my left side under my heart. At times my bowels would be swollen and the pain acute. My stomach would be very irritable and I could not eat many things without any benefit. I read of your medicine and concluded to try it, and am glad that I did. I have not had a dose since I continued to take Ramon's Liver Pills & Tonic Pills until I was entirely cured. D. W. Penhant, Otto, N. C. Sept. 17.

GEORGIA. Lumpkin County.

Emily Barnes, having applied to me for the services of a lawyer to represent her in the suit of the Bank of Dahlonega, state of said county deceased, and the return of appraisement setting apart the same being on the 1st of October, I am advised that the parties concerned are hereby notified that I am pleased to act at my office in Dahlonega, Ga., on the 1st day in November, 1897, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

W. H. C. Tate, Ordinary.

CITY TAX NOTICE.

This is to give notice that the city tax books of Dahlonega will close on the 30th of October, 1897, according to instructions from the Mayor and Council. All persons having failed to settle the tax on their property by that time will have a fine imposed against them which will be set off against the tax which will be in my office the last two days for the purpose of accommodating those who may not see me before that time.

T. S. WATERS,

City Marshal.

AX COLLECTORS NOTICE, FIRST

ROUND.

Friday Oct. 22 at Dahlonega 10 a. m.

Monday Oct. 25, 10 a. m. Mill Creek

Tuesday Oct. 26, Nimblewill 10 a. m.

Jones' Creek 2 p. m.

Wednesday Oct. 27, Hightower 10 a. m. Perter Springs 2 p. m.

Thursday Oct. 28, Yohoala 10 a. m. Frogtown 2 p. m.

Friday Oct. 29, Chestatee 10 a. m. Frogtown 2 p. m.

Saturday Oct. 30, Shoal Creek 10 a. m.

Tuesday Nov. 3, Crumby 10 a. m. Shoal Creek 2 p. m.

Wednesday Nov. 3, Wahoo 10 a. m. Ford's Ford 2 p. m.

Thursday Oct. 4, Aurora 10 a. m. JOHN F. SARGENT, T. C.

THE COMMISARY,

Public Square, Besser House,

DEALER IN

General Merchandise,

Mining Supplies

A Specialty,

ash Paid for Country Produce,

May 28 G. C. WALLACE, Gen. M.

FALL

COODS!

READ AND SAVE MONEY

We are determined to make our Store Headquarters for Dress Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, Hosiery, Dry Goods, Gloves and EVERYTHING ELSE kept in a STORE.

We pay spot cash for our goods and propose to give customers the benefit of the discount allowed us.

H. D. GURLEY,

Dec. 19, 1896. 1y.

BLACKSMITHING.

J. P. BELL,

NEW BRIDGE, GA.

Repairs Farming Tools, Wagons, Buggies, etc., Shoes Horses ALL ROUND for 30 cts.

J. P. BELL,

dec 25 1y

New Bridge, Ga.

THE BURNSIDE HOUSE

J. V. Harbison, Prop.

Most convenient hotel in Dahlonega.

Clean beds, good fare and low rates.

Educate FOR A SITUATION.

Refer to thousands of graduates, men and women, in all fields of education.

Commercial College Course, including Penmanship and Secretarial.

Business, Commercial, Scientific, Technical, etc.

Refers to thousands of graduates, men and women, in all fields of education.

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THE NUGGET

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 8, 1897.

The finance committee of Lumpkin county convenes next Monday.

Merchant McGee went down to Atlanta this week to trade some cattle.

There were 411 present last Sabbath at the Methodist Sunday School.

A lot of galvanized water and well buckets just received at Moore & McGuire's that will last for years.

D. M. Grizzel, the newly appointed U. S. Deputy Marshal made bond first of the week and is now ready for official business. Capt. Ingersoll and Col. Price are his bondsmen.

The New Union Association will meet at Oak Grove next year. The present session just closed at Bethlehem was very interesting, all the churches being represented but one.

The builder of the new Baptist church has run short of brick which cannot be had until next season and will necessarily cause a suspension of work as soon as it receives its roof.

City Marshal Waters went down to Atlanta this week to testify against one of Union county's citizens who he caught running a blind tiger in a stable within the corporate limits some time ago.

A certain minister and his wife residing in this county, after living together more than a quarter of a century separated a few days ago. It seemed to require a good deal of time for them to find out each other's faults.

The Commission has been moved from the Besser House to the Thomas building where a sufficient number of accommodating clerks will be found ready to wait on all customers who wish to buy good goods at low prices.

The Dahlonega city council held a very short session last Monday afternoon, but did nothing of interest. They added on the name of John Simmons who had been left off of their tax list, and talked about purchasing a street sprinkler, after which it was decided that the people were grumbling already about high taxes and adjourned.

Remember that when you desire to take the NUGGET and wish to settle for it in produce or wood that we will allow you the market price for such things. We will not give \$1.50 or more per cord for wood and other people getting it at \$1.25. If you don't wish to let us have it as cheap as any one else, sell your wood to others and pay us the cash. If this doesn't suit you you needn't take the paper at all. We wish to go according to the golden rule.

Should the stock law carry in Lumpkin county nearly all the stock would be disposed of, thereby causing a decrease in the value of property and make taxes higher. Besides this farmers could not get as much for their roughness in the Dahlonega market for there would be nothing to feed it to for no poor man (and but few rich ones) could keep either a cow or calf. And what would those living beyond the corporate limits who are displeased with the town hog law, gain by voting for the stock law? If it was to carry wouldn't they have to keep up their cattle too?

Minister Hunnicutt, during his discourse last Sunday gave the show goers a heavy currying. Among other things it is stated that he said that he had rather hear the clouds of dirt fall upon the coffin of his child than to lead it to a show. Of course it will be a hard matter for this able divine to make everybody believe this. Surely he has never lost a child. We have and today would rather go to five hundred shows than to lose an amber. Such assertions as these made by preachers or any other class of people do no good and are like chaff thrown to the wind.

The long tall editor of the Signal paid Gainesville a visit this week.

B. F. Anderson is down sick, but we hope his confinement will be of short duration.

Misses Minnie Jarrard and Besie Chastain are visiting the family of T. M. Jarrard this week.

Mrs. W. D. Dotson raised a cubit this year measuring seventeen inches long and eleven round.

Col. Charlton and ex post master Gurley left last Sunday on a visit to different points across the Blue Ridge.

We have not had but one small rain in two months and it is so dry that farmers are unable to sow their grain.

Our county officers and all others concerned are getting ready for the new session of Lumpkin Superior Court.

Vol. 1. of the new codes have been received by the ordinary and are now ready for all officers entitled to them.

Ordinary Tate went up to his home place this week to see about a drove of cattle which he expects to carry off to Atlanta or Augusta in a few days.

Will Weaver who was carved up right sharply by a knife in the hands of an enemy some time ago was able to ride up to Dahlonega in a buggy last Monday.

Some of the Gainesville revenue officials came up Sunday and arrested West Raven in an illicit distillery in Chestnut district and carried him before Com. Gascon of that city.

The case against the road commissioners of the town district which was to have been tried before Judge Tate last Monday was continued until the first Monday in next month.

We received, too late for this issue, a handsome tribute to the memory of John J. W. Tate, from his neighbor and friend Col. H. P. Farrow, which we will take pleasure in giving to our readers next week.

Capt. Hall spends most of his time over at the Chestnut mine looking after the various improvements made on this property.

At least a dozen hands are engaged in cleaning off, grading, etc.

He thinks it will take near three weeks yet to complete the dam.

A young lady is renewing her subscription to the NUGGET last Tuesday besides enclosing the money writes as follows: "I can't do without your paper. I had rather die without my breakfast every morning than to miss reading the NUGGET on Friday. I had rather read one page of it than a letter from my best friend."

Soon after post master John Tate at Willow died his brother Tom applied for the position which was tendered him a few days ago, but after due consideration declined to accept it and we have not learned yet who will apply next. It may be that no one will and the office will be discontinued. One reason why Mr. Tate declined to accept the position he lived most too far from the office.

Joe Postell, a noted moonshiner of Union county, passed through Dahlonega last Tuesday on his way to Atlanta to show cause why he had been engrossed in the business recently. Notwithstanding the nights are cool and the mornings frosty Joe had to make the trip to the city in his shirt sleeves. Before reaching Dahlonega he decided to rest during the heat of the day and sit down by the side of the road beneath the shade of a tree using his coat for a cushion. While there casting his eyes towards the Blue Ridge wondering if he would ever see home and friends again saddened his heart and when thought of having to leave that old copper still it caused the tears to appear in his eyes so quick that he got up and resumed his journey without thinking of his coat until he reached town and stopped moonshining.

Capt. F. M. Williams and wife are on a visit to relatives in Cherokee county.

Remember that the NUGGET mail goes into the post office every week on Thursday morning at sun rise—never has failed yet.

Merchant Jones who has been unable to attend to business for several days on account of a throat disease is improving.

Wm. McGee, upon handing us a dollar one day last week said that he couldn't do without the NUGGET. Let others take the same view of the gentleman and act likewise.

A petition is being gotten up asking for a stock law election in Auraria district, but the county petition will cover that and save the trouble of this district election.

Student Jarrard has moved to the old academy and Prof. Witherspoon occupies the building he vacated—Johnson house. D. T. Harris has purchased the McNeely house at Murray's Heights.

Col. Farrow and family after closing the doors of Porter Springs hotel last week for the season, left out for Hapeville to spend the winter, leaving the Queen of the Mountains in a desolate appearance.

Mrs. Witherspoon and children arrived in Dahlonega and joined the husband and father who has been here since the opening of the college. They have become permanent citizens of Dahlonega and we extend to them a hearty welcome.

George Jenkins, who has been down the country for about three weeks engaged in the picture business, returned home last week, looking pale and hearty, pleasing as ever and is now ready to have the matrimonial knot tied as soon as he sees a young lady that strikes his fancy.

A gentleman informed us last week that four blockaders were drawn to serve on the next grand jury. If that be the case when anything comes up touching their line of business they will be expected to give very light weight when it becomes their duty to take hold of the scales of justice.

It will only require a small attorney's fee to abolish Porter Springs district, stock law and all. More than enough already has been spent in paying Ito Anderson impounding fees to accomplish this job. An attorney who does not let his mouth go off half cooked, told us last week that it could be done on account of the illegal manner in which it was established.

Capt. John Huff and lady, of the Calhoun, spent last Saturday and Sunday in Dahlonega with relatives. Mr. Huff is one of our best practical miners but his experience in the business at this time is worth but little to him on account of the drought. He is one of the best mining lots in Lumpkin county but can do nothing in the way of operating it for the lack of water. This gentleman is one of the few left who went from here to California in search of gold in 1850, two years after the gold fever broke out in that country. While many died on the way he stood the hardships encountered by gold seekers, made good money, returned to his native county and is among us here today, pale and hearty and we trust will see many more years to come. It required more time to make the trip to California than it does today for he was 38 days going from Charleston to California. Mr. Huff in speaking of that country the other night gave us the prices of some articles at the time of his arrival being cheaper than two years previous, which are as follows: Beans, 20 cents per pound; coffee, 50; bacon, 40; flour, 20 to 50; rubber boots, \$10 per pair; shovels, \$10; Irish potatoes 12 1-2 cents per pound and cabbage the same. All who worked steady made good wages but those wandering about like cows in a pasture got left.

The ordinary has sent out posters in Yahoolo district stating that the stock law will take effect in that district on the first day of February, 1898. The law says that notice must also be given in the newspaper of the county, but as this has not been done it gives a good opening for those opposed to the stock law in that district to stay it off longer on account of the law not being complied with.

No wonder there are so many insolvent tax fias. Last year the old tax collector turned over a lot of fias to a certain bailiff in this county, among them being one against himself. The officer collected all he could and turned the rest over this year to the collector and the bailiffs and all the others were recorded on the insolvent list together.

Several of our citizens attended the baptizing over at the Chestnut bridge last Sunday.

The first new corn of the season was sold in Dahlonega last week at fifty cents per bushel.

James Phillips, who has been confined to his bed with fever for some days, is slowly recovering.

Mrs. Brittain who has been spending some days in Gainesville with relatives returned home last Sunday.

Col. Baker is now minus a walking cane. He broke it over the head of a big rattle while returning from Gainesville Sunday.

Some thief went up under Jap Williams' house Saturday night and disturbed the occupant by catching one of his favorite chickens.

Some one relieved M. G. Head of a buggy cushion one night last week. The near approach of court does not stop the thieves in their work.

Pink Turner, a resident of Nimblewill district, stated last Saturday that he knew of branches dry in his section for the first time in 27 years.

City Marshal Waters like to get his best pair of breeches destroyed the other night by the explosion of one of the street lamps which he was lighting.

G. H. McGuire has got his jew elry safely fitted up now and you can buy any thing usually kept in his line from a watch spring to a violin.

We devoured a cabbage last week raised by J. M. Cochran, of Union county, which weighed fifteen and a half pounds. We don't mean at one time for it made several messes.

Turner Quillian and lady residing at Land, Ga., were here Saturday and Sunday visiting relatives and friends. Mr. Quillian didn't neglect to call and exchange a silver wedge for the NUGGET.

A couple of students withdrew from the college in order to go to McPherson and don the blue. It will not be as pleasant a change as they may expect. The young man who joins the U. S. Army with the expectation of his path being scattered with flowers will get left.

The Signal says, "It is clandestinely whispered that the editor of the NUGGET will ask to be marshal of Dahlonega." The foregoing item is certainly news to us. If there had been anything in it we surely would have known something about it. No, we won't ask for the office, besides we don't want it. We are in the printing business to stay until "angels come hovering round."

The ordinary has sent out posters in Yahoolo district stating that the stock law will take effect in that district on the first day of February, 1898. The law says that notice must also be given in the newspaper of the county, but as this has not been done it gives a good opening for those opposed to the stock law in that district to stay it off longer on account of the law not being complied with.

No wonder there are so many insolvent tax fias. Last year the old tax collector turned over a lot of fias to a certain bailiff in this county, among them being one against himself. The officer collected all he could and turned the rest over this year to the collector and the bailiffs and all the others were recorded on the insolvent list together.

Last Sunday morning at 2:30 o'clock our citizens were aroused from their slumbers by the alarm of fire. It was soon located and found to be an outhouse on the premises of Winnie Jefferson near the jail, which was quickly extinguished with but little damage. It was no doubt the work of some of Winnie's enemies as on Tuesday night before the fence at another place was set a fire but fortunately went out without damage. The guilty party is doubtless unaware that the burning of a house in town is a hanging crime.

There is not a vacant house in Dahlonega.

Judge Murray is expected here in a day or two.

Miss Ida Bird has returned from a visit to her sister in Tennessee.

There are now four prisoners in jail who will likely remain until court.

Mrs. G. McGuire went to Marble Hill a few days ago to visit a sick sister.

There are no sheriff's sales for next month which speaks well for the county.

A nice lot of both plain and decorated crockery just received by Moore & McGuire.

We will give the highest price for green and dry hides we can get at Moore & McGuire.

It is stated that a lot of Western miners will be here in a few days to look over our gold fields.

The students are receiving their new uniforms and begin to present the appearance of soldiers.

Last Wednesday a blockader couldn't get rid of his supply of whiskey even at a reduced price—\$1.25 per gallon.

It is said that Billy Riley, col., has a lecture ready to deliver to his church members at the next meeting who visited the show.

The members of Salem church have made no arrangements about their place of divine worship which was sold by the sheriff recently.

When you see a young man's head sticking up out of a collar and a cane swing to his hand it is a sure sign that some man will lose his daughter.

More than fifty freeholders have signed the petition asking for a stock law election but if as many as 75 signs it now it will not cause any delay. Come if you want to sign it for we will present it to the ordinary right away.

R. L. Simms, of Tampa, Fla., is registered at the Allen House. Mr. Simms was here a few days ago and is now back to look at some of the gold mines and will probably become interested and make an investment in the near future.

The two Dahlonega boys who joined the show here a few days ago, have returned to their homes sick of the business. They got over one hundred miles from Dahlonega without reaching the edge of the world and decided that it was too big a country for them to travel in.

It turns out now since S. A. Smith, one of the road commissioners of this district, against whom a suit was brought for not having the Auraria road worked, that the hands have put in the full number of days as required by law which will end the case and the ordinary will have to hire hands to put the road in good condition.

A committee from the board of education consisting of Price, London and Jones was appointed last Tuesday to meet the citizens of Shoal Creek and Wahoo districts for the purpose of locating schools in these two districts on Saturday the 16th inst. at the following hours. At Shoal Creek 9:30 a. m. and at the old Presbyterian church in Wahoo at 3 p. m. same day.

Doubtless Joseph E. Patton, of this county, has the oldest horn in the state. It belonged to his great grandfather who carried it while on Washington's staff. It was made at Jamestown for the purpose of carrying liquor to officers and held exactly a quart. They were not allowed to sell liquor to officers in those days and this is one way he had in conveying it without being suspected even of handling the liquid that is liked by so many. When they saw him with this horn it was thought by all except his customers that it contained powder. It was afterwards converted into a powder horn and today is used to blow up the dogs when a big fat possum is wanted.

The citizens of Dahlonega didn't take any steps concerning the construction of a telephone line Tuesday. They don't seem to care very much about trying to keep speed with the progress of the times by having telephone communication with Gainesville, but had rather wait for their news until it passes from one old woman to another.

The fall term of the U. S. Court convened in Atlanta last Monday morning with about 500 cases on the docket, most of them being moonshine cases, and we regret to say that Lumpkin county was in the lead. The cases for the first day were disposed of as follows: James P. Craman, from Lumpkin, found guilty; Wm. Barrett, Dawson, guilty; E. Carroll, Lumpkin, not guilty; James Gilreath, Union, not guilty; David Hix, Union, guilty; Samuel Bailey, Fannin, guilty; Lewis Black, Lumpkin, guilty; John L. Dyer, Union, guilty; R. N. Mote, who also has a case in Lumpkin Superior Court for selling liquor, plead guilty and goes in jail for a couple of three months and his case here will go over until the next term.

All kinds of produce brings a good price in the Dahlonega market at the present time.

Uncle John Gamin said last Tuesday that it is the driest he has known it in fifty years.

The Temperance Union Sunday evening was well attended. So was the Epworth League Friday night.

Rev. A. F. Norton went up into White this week to see about going into business for W. H. Courtney.

If you want your sweetheart to hear the Dahlonega news send her the NUGGET three months on trial for 25 cents.

By referring to the tax collectors notice elsewhere you will observe that he commences business in a few days.

The NUGGET is out on time this week if we did make a cup of paste out of plaster of Paris, or at least we tried to.

Mrs. Mary Marlow, who was confined to her bed for several days last week, is improving and able to be up again.

Some of the Cane Creek district citizens also want the stock law in their section and have been getting up a petition to that effect,

Miss Sallie Reid, who has been teaching a flourishing school at Yahoola, leaves next week for Jackson county where she expects to spend most of the winter.

The board of education met Tuesday and fined all school teachers who failed to attend the teachers institute one dollar per day, that didn't render legal excuses.

Miss Cinda, daughter of G. W. Walker, died near Porter Springs last Monday afternoon after a short illness, aged about 17. The relatives have our heartfelt sympathies.

A fellow wanted the NUGGET the other day provided he could have twelve months in which to pay for it. Of course he didn't get it for we have not yet learned to fast that length of time.

Dock Davis and Miss Laura, daughter of R. J. Satterfield, were wedded by Esquire J. F. Bruce last Sunday. It was a runaway match but they have returned and everything is peacable, quiet and happy now.

Last Sunday we were shown a Japanese persimmon tree or bush growing in the garden of Capt. McAfee laden with the delicious fruit. The bush is about four feet high and has more than twenty persimmons each as large as a hen's egg.

Mrs. Eliza Waters died in Nimblewill district on the 24th inst. aged about 74. All her children and every grand child but one were present. Her remains were interred in Wesley Chapel cemetery in the presence of a large concourse of people. J. K. Bearden conducted the burial services.

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SHORT CROP IS NOW SURE

Commissioner Nesbitt Talks of
Cotton Conditions.

PRICES ARE UNUSUALLY POOR

Despite the bankruptcy of a strong demand, the State is bringing less than at the same time last year. The importance of saving first pickings before equinoctial storms set in.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
ATLANTA, Oct. 1, 1897.

The cotton crop, which a few weeks ago promised to be the largest ever grown, has suffered a severe setback. Notwithstanding this indisputable condition, as well as the fact that the world's surplus from the past season is very small, both indicating the probability of a strong demand, prices have opened at a low figure, and are a cent less than at the same period last year.

The large surplus of manufactured goods on hand will partly, but not entirely, account for this anomalous condition of the cotton market. It is certain that the cotton crop will be necessary to meet current demands.

It is also certain that the crop will fail short of our August expectations, but it is also a risk, unless for a farmer to speculate on his cotton crop, an experience of over 30 years we have found that, generally speaking, it pays better to let the cotton as it is gathered.

Loss of water, and the consequent storage, etc., run up the expense account very rapidly, and often as was the case this year, though there may be some reasonable probability of higher prices, the farmer, in the end, disappointed.

The truth is, no advice can be given which will suit all cases, but in the opinion of his obligation, his position, environment, and financial condition must all exercise a decided influence as to when and in what manner he can afford to sell.

A master of farmland can take now, and one which he has almost under his entire control, is to save the first pickings in nice, clean condition before the equinoctial storms, if beyond remedy. The earliest possible cotton usually sells the best, and it is only to leave it in the waste water from the fields to be damaged and spoiled by rain and wind. If handled carefully and neatly from the time it is picked from the bolls until it is safely landed to a market ship or station, we will hear less complaint of the wreched condition in which American cotton reaches the markets of the world.

The general corn crop will also be undoubtedly shorter than that of last year, which, it will be remembered, was the largest ever grown. Corn is now advanced in the country, and in all probability, be steady, which is a strong additional reason for seedling a fair area of fall oats, and also for saving every part of the corn crop. It has been often stated in these columns, and in many other agricultural publications, that a very large part of the corn crop is actually thrown away by the usual method of allowing the stalks to rot in the fields. We have been gratified by the number of letters of inquiry on this subject which have been received by this department, and over 90 per cent of them are concentrating more or less on this important matter. In my own country I now of two shredding machines recently purchased, one for the farmer, and the other by a combination of farmers. Their reports can be favorable, and another year we hope to see the entire production of our Georgia corn fields successfully housed for winter, and it is probable that corn will maintain in higher price the coming year than has ruled the past season, and this may induce other farmers to plan for a larger area in corn. A better policy, however, would be to put in a heavy crop of corn.

FALL OATS.

In the more northern sections of the state progressive farmers have already seeded down the area intended for this crop, but in southern Georgia there is still time to do so, and to turn a number of acres originally intended for corn. There is no better stock food than clean, well developed oats, and the fall sowing has the additional advantage that the crop may be taken off the ground before the crop of peas or late corn planted and moved on the same land, thus realizing two crops from the same area from an ear of corn, the land should be thoroughly prepared and fertilized, and a heavy early sowing seems that the plants may be well set before early weather checks their rapid growth. A better plan than increasing the area will be to increase the productive capacity of the land through preparation and high fertilization.

WHEAT.

October is usually the great wheat sowing month, except in the far south, where most of the wheat is sown in November. If we could regulate the matter accurately we should prefer to sow just long enough before frost to get the seed well established, but there is danger that the dressed grain may destroy the stand. The high price of wheat may tempt some farmers to plant more than they usually do, but we think this is a mistake, as wheat lands are not especially suited to wheat and almost without exception, will produce a poor paying crop of rye, even at the high price of \$1.00 a bushel. It is delayed and then hurried, and consequently careless preparation and seeding, which so often causes both these evils. We may now regard our sowing operations for another year as well spent. Wheat, like all other grain, and grasses, though seed is most essential to another year, and must be used in our plans and estimates.

PAIRS BEFORE COLD WEATHER.

Before cold weather sets in, examine stable and barns and put in all needed repairs. A small leak unnoticed now may become a gushing, even a destructive, agent after the weather is stored. In our mild climate the need for very close stables is not so important in big weather, while the rigors of a northern winter make it imperative that all farm animals be carefully protected from the cold weather.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.



CONFEDERATE RAILROAD OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.
In effect July 1, 1891.

CONFEDERATE RAILROAD OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

CONFED

Dahlonega Dugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

VOL. VIII—NO. 43.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1897.

One Dollar Per Annum.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Publisher.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

Dr. C. H. JONES,

Physician & Surgeon
Dahlonega, Ga.

Dr. N. F. HOWARD,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

W. P. PRICE. WM. A. CHARTER
PRICE & CHARTERS,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA
Collections attended to and remittances
promptly made.
Non-residents attended to.
We possess unusual facilities for reporting
upon Lands Titles and furnishing abstracts.
For reasonable and correspondence solicited.

R. H. BAKER,

Attorney at Law,
Dahlonega, Ga.

All legal business promptly attended to.
mr. 1 ly

We Have What You Want.

NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

The Friend of Farmers, the Most Hon-
est Sporting Paper on Earth.
Backed John Sullivan for \$10,000 in
His Best Day.

\$1 for 13 weeks at the office, or for
sale everywhere.

ARTHUR T. LUMLEY,
Editor and Proprietor,

240 Broadway, N. Y.

We want agents with good refer-
ences and Newsdealers in your locality.
Write to us for special terms.

W. S. CAVENDER,

Blacksmith

AND

Wagon

Repairer,

Dahlonega, Ga.

Shop near M. G. Head's Store
where we will be ready to do work
promptly. Jan 16 't

Mr. H. E. Watson

Is situated in Dahlonega, so do not throw
away any old sewing machines and
old clothes. Mr. Watson has had ten
years experience and can give first class
recommendations. All work warranted for
two years. Eggs, butter and chickens
taken at market prices. May 14 't.

Hall House.
I. W. Waddell Pro.,
DAHLONEGA, GA.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

RATES: \$2 per day, \$7 per week, \$25
per month. Discount given for fam-
ilies of two or more.

THE ODELL
TYPE WRITER.

\$20 will buy the ODELL TYPE
WRITER with 78 characters;
warranted to do as good work as
any machine made.

It combines simplicity with durability,
speed and ease of operation. Wears
longer without cost of repairs than any
other machine. Has a plan to attach
to either the operator. It is made sub-
stantial nickel-plated, perfect, and
adapted to all kinds of type writing.
Like a printing press it produces
sharp, clean, distinct characters. Two
or ten copies can be made at one writing.
Any intelligent person can be-
come an operator in two days.

Reliable agents and salesmen wanted.

For pamphlet giving endorsements,
etc., address

ODELL TYPE WRITER CO.,
358-364 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
July 23 't y

NOTICE OF LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Georgia, Lumpkin County.
Notice is hereby given that at the session
of the legislature of Georgia, opened
October 1, 1897, a bill will be intro-
duced to be entitled "An act to amend an
act establishing a system of public schools
in the state of Georgia, approved
December 17, 1894, so as to provide for
the registration of the qualified voters
of the state, and to provide for the
registration or election provided for in said last
named act, and for other purposes." This
September 28, 1897.

MILLIONS DESTROYED.

Women Experts Can Detect
Best-made Counterfeits.

"Every working day in the
year Uncle Sam destroys a million
dollars: deliberately tears up
and grind to a pulp one million
dollars' worth of paper money—
genuine bank notes and green-
backs," writes Clifford Howard
in the September Ladies Home
Journal.

"A million dollars, in one, two,
five, ten, twenty, fifty, one hundred
and one thousand dollar notes
are daily punched full of holes,
cut into halves and thrown into a
machine that rapidly reduces them
to a mass of mushy substance.

"Whenever a piece of paper
money becomes soiled or torn it
may be presented to the United
States treasury and redeemed.
Sooner or later every note that
circulates among the people be-
comes unfit for further service,
for it is bound to become dirty or
mutilated by constant handling
and the United States Government
stands ready to give the holder of
such a note a new one in exchange
for it; or, in other words, the Gov-
ernment will redeem it.

"The majority of the clerks em-
ployed in this important depart-
ment of the government are wo-
men, many of whom are the most
expert money counters and counter-
feiter detectors in the world. In
fact, only experts can properly
perform the work that is required;
for not only must the soiled and
mutilated money be accurately and
rapidly counted, but all counter-
feiter notes must be detected and
thrown out. When we consider
that some counterfeiters can so
cleverly imitate genuine money
that their spurious notes will cir-
culate through the country without
detection, and are not discovered
until they are finally turned into
the treasury, some idea of the
proficiency of these experts can be
gained, especially when we bear in
mind that these notes are often so
worn that the imprint on them can
scarcely be deciphered. It not in-
frequently happens that these bad
notes are detected simply by the
feel of them, which, in some cases,
is really the only way of discover-
ing the fraud; for while a counter-
feiter may occasionally succeed in
so perfectly imitating the design
of a note as to mislead even an expert,
it is next to impossible for him to
counterfeit the paper used
by the government."

Don't Use Big Words.

The following note was picked
up by us on the street one day last
week, and we suppose—judging by the
names, which we withhold—that the young fellow who penned the
epistle will experience quite a
surprise when he sees it in print.

Without the names, here it is:

"Dear ——: May I have the
beautifull and exquisite pleasure—
yes, the divine sensation—of es-
corting your person over the in-
tervening space which lies between
your residence and the house erected
for public worship. Lovingly,

Of course, as we found the note
the fair one had not the opportu-
nity of replying, but if she had,
we imagine something like the fol-
lowing would have been received
by the young man in answer:

"Mr. ——: In promulgating
your esoteric cogitations, or artic-
ulating your superficial sentimen-
tality, or aimlessly philosophical
observations, beware of platitudi-
nous ponderosity, and by all
means, let your communications
possess a clarified conciseness.

"Your friend, Miss ——."

Grand Juries.

"The jurers confided to grand
juries are very serious in their con-
sequences; and the temptation to
private malevolence, or revenge,
to influence these powers, is very
great. To discourage such an
influence, so dangerous to individ-
ual liberty, has been a principal
aim of the law, which treats an
attempt of this kind as criminal." In
a case reported in 21st Sawyer
at page 668, Mr. Justice Field, of
the Supreme Court of the United
States, ably explains the powers
and duties of grand juries, and among
other things, warned them "not to allow
private prosecutors to intrude them-
selves into their presence, and resent
accusations"; because "generally such parties
are actuated by private enmity,
and seek merely the gratification of their
personal malice." Grand
juries should always inquire into
the credibility of witnesses. And
quoting again from Mr. Justice
Field, in the case referred to, "in
their investigations they should
receive only legal evidence, to the
exclusion of mere reports suspicion
and hearsay evidence, and that,
subject to this qualification, they
should receive all the evidence
presented, which may throw light
upon the matter under consider-
ation, whether it tends to establish
the innocence or the guilt of the
accused; and that, if in the course
of their inquiry, they have reason
to believe that there is other evi-
dence not presented to them,
which would qualify or explain
away the charge under investiga-
tion, it is their duty to order such
evidence to be produced."

This is the true rule, and in view
of our experience in the courts, no
other is safe to the citizen or the
state. Whether innocent or guilty,
it is a serious matter for a citizen
to be indicted by a grand jury,
especially for a high crime,
involving disgrace, and it may be,
life. It puts the accused to the
expense and mortification of a
public trial, which may result in
his complete and honorable vindication,
but at the same time leaving
about his reputation a flavor of
suspicion, which he may never
outlive. We have seen cases in
which parties had been indicted,
go out of court on nolle prosequi
because the witnessess, at the time
for the trial, could not identify the
accused, or remember facts suffi-
cient to convict, and yet on whose
testimony, before the grand jury,
indictment had been returned. We
know such cases, and they are
matters of record in our courts.
Hence we believe it to be the duty
of grand juries to indict no man,
until all the evidence which can be
obtained, has been presented to them,
and the law and order should be
maintained, and yet the rights and
liberties of the humblest citizen in
the land, should be held equally
sacred, with the demands of society.
—Jasper Republican.

Pluck and energy march side by
side and go hand in hand on the
high road to progress and prosper-
ity. They build towns; they
build churches and school houses;
they organize benevolent institu-
tions and municipal governments;
they erect factories and give em-
ployment to hundreds and thou-
sands of willing hands and happy
hearts; they bring comfort and joy
to the homes of the industrious;
they bring wealth to the coffers of
the merchants, business and profes-
sional men; they add fame and
prosperity to the community in
which they exist.

The tiniest horse in the world is
the property of Marchese Caramo,
an Italian noble. The little fellow
is only twenty-one inches high.
He is called Leo.

"Your friend, Miss ——."

Convict Building Two Big Organs.

Organs.

An organ builder by occupation,
who is an inmate of the state pris-
on at Sing Sing, is engaged in
building two large organs for the
Roman Catholic and Protestant
chapels which are to occupy the
first floor of the new administra-
tive building at the prison, says
the New York Evening Sun.

The convict's name is not made
public by Warden Sage. This is
inconsistent with the warden's rule
never to mention names in such
matters unless it is absolutely nec-
essary. The man knows his busi-
ness perfectly, it is said, however,
and has worked at every branch of
it in Canada, where he learned his
trade, in this country and in Eng-
land. Besides knowing all the in-
tricacies of organ manufacturing,
he knows all about the famous
organs of the world.

The organs for the two chapels
are to be finished on December 15,
the builder declares. He is at
work on both of them all the time,
and expects to put the finishing
touches on both at about the same
time.

It is estimated that it would have
cost the state \$3,100 to have had
each one of the organs built at
outside manufacturers. The actual
cost to the state for the raw ma-
terial needed to build both instru-
ments is about \$260. The saying
on the two instruments will amount
to \$5,940.

The builder has a helper, another
convict who does odd jobs, but
who knows nothing about the busi-
ness. So that all the intricate
work has to be done by this one
man.

The organ for the Protestant
chapel is professionally known as
a two-manual pedal base instru-
ment, with 585 notes, C C C, 2 F. The
pedals are the same as those
adopted by the College of Organists
of Berlin. It has thirty-nine
stops and eight pedal movements.
The organ for the Catholic chap-
el, which is the larger, is a three-
manual pedal-base instrument,
with 731 notes. The pedals are
the same as those in the smaller
organ, and it has the same
musical designation: C C C, 2 F. It
has forty-three stops and nine
pedal movements. When completed,
this will be the largest reed
organ in the world, the present
largest instrument being that in
the Winter Palace at St. Peters-
burg, which was built by a Cana-
dian firm, and has 663 notes, or
sixty-eight less than the present
instrument.

"One of the principal features
of the organ for the Catholic chap-
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sixty-eight less than the present
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"One of the principal features
of the organ for the Catholic chap-
el, which is the larger, is a three-
manual pedal-base instrument,
with 731 notes. The pedals are
the same as those in the smaller
organ, and it has the same
musical designation: C C C, 2 F. It
has forty-three stops and nine
pedal movements. When completed,
this will be the largest reed
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Slander.

There are some men, and, I am
sorry to say, some women, whose
aspiration does not reach higher
than to gossip from door to door
and make false reports against their
neighbors to bring reprobation upon
their good name and often by a nod,
wink or smile add fuel to the flame,
and yet not say one word.

The only way some people can
bring themselves into notoriety is
by abuse and vilification of others.

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THE NUGGET

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 15, 1897.

Lumpkin Superior Court convenes next week.

Wm. Worley, Jr., left for Atlanta last Monday.

Miss Maud Worley, after spending a month with relatives in Pickens county returned home last week.

Frank Comer, that clever tinner who resides in Gainesville, has been up this week putting a roof on the new Baptist church.

We are informed that editor McNelley of the Lawrenceville News will be up next week to bring a rule against one of Dahlonega's attorneys.

J. F. Moore had to send to Gainesville, a distance of 25 miles, to get enough brick to build a chimney. This shows how scarce they are in Dahlonega.

Ladies! The Hall Mdse Co. has a fine lot of samples of cloak goods, a fashion plate and will take your measure and guarantee a fit. Call and see their samples.

The "backbone" of the long dry spell was broken last Sunday afternoon by a heavy rain which continued all night, causing a pleasant look to appear upon every ones face.

That clever solicitor, Howard Thompson, passed through the city again last week. We used to have a good deal of business with him, or he did with us, and we always found him ready to do the square thing, nevertheless he didn't shirk any of his responsible duties in doing so.

A lady was complaining of hard times the other day. She knows nothing about hard times. During the war people had to drink coffee made from rye and brand, and in 1863 there were no men left in this county to make corn and the legislature had to donate 4000 bushels of the grain to keep us from all suffering.

John Hester, the blind blockader, has been turned loose again by Judge Newman, being the second time. He is a pitiful looking sight and when he is brought before a judge it always arouses the sympathy of the official. There is also a case against John in Lumpkin Superior Court for retailing but the question is, what will they do with him?

A son of Robt. Payne met with a very painful accident last Sunday while up in a tree gathering chestnuts, by falling about fifteen feet which broke his thigh bone. He fell on a stump which caused the bone to press through the flesh, the end of which was broken off. Drs. Howard and Whelchel were soon on hand and gave the necessary medical attention.

A gentleman remarked the other day that he had rather pay double price for job work than to send it off. We don't charge this much for work as we often duplicate Atlanta prices in order to keep the money at home. If all persons could see as this man does there would be much more money in the county and times would be far more prosperous.

Judge Tate informs us that a gentleman told him last week that he would donate \$100 towards the construction of an iron bridge at Neisler's Ford, across the Chattahoochee river, and would also give another hundred towards making a new road to that place. It is much nearer from Dahlonega to Gainesville this route but getting the people to build another bridge just now is the trouble.

Saturday morning at about 2 o'clock some the mischievous boys rang the college bell and fired a volley of small arms which caused many of our citizens to arouse from their slumbers and run out in the front yards very thinly clad, thinking that it was an alarm for fire. We used to be a boy and can imagine how those young fellows just now is the trouble.

Cabbage dull at 75 cents per hundred.

Cols. Charters and Boyd visited Cleveland this week on legal business.

Rev. W. T. Hunnicutt has been conducting a meeting this week at the old Amicalola camp ground.

A horse of John Grindles fell in the other day while crossing Mill Creek bridge and broke its neck.

Luster Cavender's dogs killed a couple of wild cats a few nights ago, while out in search of possums.

Why wear ill fitting cloaks when you can select your goods and get a perfect fit as cheaply as one ill fit. Ladies this is to you.

HALL MDSE CO.

We have nothing new in mining circles this week as the rain of a few days ago was not sufficient to cause the streams to swell but very little.

J. V. Harbison is now engaged in farm work, cutting cane, making syrup, etc., and begins to present the appearance of an old time farmer already.

J. N. DuPree went down to the Prendergast mine to adjust the engine so as to start up the stamp mill which was ready to run with this exception last week.

If you want a fine tailor made suit of clothes made to order, as cheap as ready made suits, call at Hall Mdse Co. and see their samples and have your orders filled. A fit is guaranteed.

Robt. Howard, a nephew of Dr. N. F. Howard, of Dahlonega after spending a few days in our city, returned to his home in Clay county, N. C., yesterday in company with the Doctor, who goes to visit the home of his boyhood days.

While in town next week keep your eye on G. H. McGuire's jewelry store. He has just received a new stock of jewelry and is ready to wait on you with pleasure. Watches and clocks repaired at short notice at prices to suit the times.

W. M. Simmons was in town first of the week from Hightower district and informed us that he would leave for McPherson, next week for the purpose of enlisting in the U. S. Army for a term of three years. He will get \$13 per month, board and clothes.

We received a letter from Atlanta on the evening of the 12th dated the 4th, and Capt. Woodward

received one that had been on the road from Savannah about ten days. Why do we care to have telephone lines established when our information can be received so rapid by letters?

Rev. A. F. Norton, who has been a citizen of Dahlonega for twelve years left yesterday for Pleasant Retreat in White county to go into business there for Mr. Courtney. Mr. Norton's friends in Dahlonega and Lumpkin county are numbered by the hundreds, all of whom regret to see him leave.

A young man who arrived in Dahlonega this week said that the proprietor of the Gainesville Arlington Hotel tried to keep him from coming here by telling him that the Dahlonega school was a poor one and was doing no good. The young man happened to have relatives here and knew better. When our citizens go to Gainesville they should not patronize this hotel.

In looking over an old book the other day we find that there has been a considerable change made in the fees of officers and poll and other taxes since 185 years. In 1792 poll taxes were only 312 cents for each male over 21 years of age and no doubt gone to his reward. But what about that fellow when he passes away? We doubt him ever seeing the blind man any more unless he happens to get a glimpse as the peep holes are opened to admit some one else who has acted right with his fellow men here on earth.

The dog killer is "doing business" in Dahlonega again.

The finance committee has been busy during the week looking over the county officers books.

A little child of James Satterfield died in Davis' district the other day. But a few months ago its mother died of fever in Forsyth county.

Some necessary improvements are being made on the store house occupied by The Commissary, adding much to the appearance of the building.

A certain fellow who attended Yellow Creek from Dahlonega last Sunday got so full of "camp meeting drops" that he was unable to get back until very late in the night.

Jim Adams, who is charged with selling brass for gold, was turned over by his bondsmen to the sheriff last Saturday evening but succeeded in making a new one in a short while.

Some one remarked the other day that the stock law and revenue business was ruining the country.

The way to get rid of both is to vote one down and stop the other by causing blockade liquor.

City Marshal Waters mounted his favorite animal last Tuesday

and rode over the city for the purpose of collecting property taxes.

He got 60 cents. They are by tax

taxes like state and county, wait

until the last day.

Judge Tate is now aware that he

did not announce the result of the

Yahoo stock law election in ac-

cordance with law requiring it to

be published in the paper, but says

that the new codes had not been

received them and went by the old

one.

The words spoken once by a

Supreme Court Judge to be found

on our first page, concerning the

duties of grand juries meet our

approval. If this plan was carried

out there would be less trouble in

the country and fewer petty bills

returned.

Uncle Charlie Besser, after

spending a day or two in Dahlonega

left again for Atlanta Saturday

which will probably be his last visit

as it is becoming dangerous for

him to be on the road on account

of his extreme old age and very

feeble condition. His relatives

will endeavor to keep him in that

city.

A friend in writing to us says

that our actions in the stock law

question might injure our business.

Well, it's an injury either way, but

the amount of injury can be seen

more plainly if the stock law "enters

it's way" to Dahlonega. For us

as sure as it comes we will have

to dispose of a cow that gives two

gallons of milk a day which is

worth eighty cents, that will run

up to a right neat little sum in a

year.

A member of the church in this

county recently gave some money

for foreign missions who it is said

compelled poor blind man to vac-

ate his premises. Will the Lord

smile or frown on such actions?

That poor unfortunate man is dead

and no doubt gone to his reward.

But what about that fellow when

he passes away? We doubt him

ever seeing the blind man any more

unless he happens to get a glimpse

as the peep holes are opened to

admit some one else who has acted

right with his fellow men here on

earth.

Next week is court and we find

the following business docketed:

There is a total of 70 cases, 37

of the 37 criminal cases are for

retailing liquor. The first case on

the criminal docket is for retailing

and so is the last one recorded, two

of them being females. Some of

the defendants are now serving out

sentences in Fulton county jail for

violating the revenue law and will

not appear before Judge Kinsey

this time. But when the time does

roll round quite likely they will

wish that they had never handled a

drop of liquor.

O. G. Scupin, of the Betz name is still working, making money. He shipped 50 ounces of the yellow metal to the mint a few days ago.

Capt. Hall moved his dressing machine from his saw mill last week across the river so as to prepare some lumber for the work he is having done at the Chestnut mine,

Wash Walker and Turkey Bill Postell wanted to "lock horns" during a trial at Yahoo law ground last Saturday, but were prevented therefore saving the breaking of bones or loss of any blood.

Quaker Rolled Oats, Meldron Flakes, Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, Fine fresh pure Cream Cheese. A full line of canned goods, Sausage, Pickles, Cabbages, Sweet and Irish Potatoes at Hall Mdse Co.

Quite a number of our citizens attended Yellow Creek from Dahlonega last Sunday got so full of "camp meeting drops" that he was unable to get back until very late in the night.

Jim Adams, who is charged with selling brass for gold, was turned over by his bondsmen to the sheriff last Saturday evening but succeeded in making a new one in a short while.

Some one remarked the other day

that the stock law and revenue business was ruining the country.

The way to get rid of both is to

vote one down and stop the other

by causing blockade liquor.

Dahlonega is minus one of her colored barbers this week—Harley Dieckey. It is said that when Harley went to the colored camp meeting in White county some weeks ago that he served the devil in

stead of the Lord, causing the of

ficers to give him a short chase,

and the meeting of the grand jury

in that county this week has caused

him to be alarmed and believed

it best for him to seek another

other clime.

Last week after some very popular Dawson and Lumpkin county blockaders had succeeded in getting their cases put off in the U. S. Court in Atlanta it was reported

that they had a load of moon-

shine brandy at a certain wagon

yard in that city. Officers were

soon on the spot but they were too

late. The brandy had been dis-

posed of and they only succeeded

in getting a scent of it in some

empty kegs that were found in the

wagon which was so pure as to

cause the officers mouths to water.

Two of the Lumpkin county wit-
nesses who attended Uncle Sam's

court in Atlanta last week got on

to too much bad causing them

to have to be cared for. One was

carried to the wagon yard by his

friends while the other was esco-

ted to the station house by a big

policeman, the latter's appearance

at this place of business costing

him \$3, which amount was not per-

mitted to be settled with a pistol

or fiddle like is sometimes done in

Dahlonega, but he had to either

plank down the money or go to

the rock pile. The money was

paid. But our boys are not all the

ones that filled up with overjoyed

and got into trouble. It is said

that old Capt. Ware, one of Uncle

Sam's men, who used to come up

here and destroy the boys still,

the man who jerked a jug of liquor

out of old lady Pruitt's hands and

broke it against the fence, also

found his way to the station house.

On Thursday afternoon Turkey Bill Postell, one of Col. Farrow's

neighbors at Porter Springs, re-

turned from Atlanta where he had

been to stand his trial on a charge

of running a blockade distillery

more than two years ago, information

being given the officers by one of

his brother-in-laws at that time

and the case for some unknown

cause was never set for trial until

the present term of court. The

old man was acquitted and ap-

peared to be one of the happiest men

on earth—kindler like some follows

when they lose their mother in

laws—when he lit out of the

back and his foot struck Lumpkin

county's soil he cried for joy. In

a short while he wiped the tears

away with his coat sleeve and en-

deavored to make a speech but old

mother time with the use of

too much liquor caused his oratorical

powers to be too much

shattered to attract the attention of

any one except a few little boys

and then the acting town marshal,

the latter interfering and the pro-

gram was brought to a close.

Fruits of Stock Law.

By an examination of the tax book you will find a considerable decrease in both stock and other property in Wahoo and Shoal Creek districts, two of the stock law districts, since last year.

There is \$355 less stock returned in the two districts this year than last. And in reference to all property the figures foot up the following decrease since this law went into effect, being less than one year, to wit:

Wahoo district, \$1,259 and Shoal Creek \$1,115, being a total of \$2,374, the cause of which we can attribute to nothing but the stock law. Does this look like such a law is a benefit to the county?

Should the stock law carry in the county it would double cause taxes to increase to at least \$2,000 more than the last year it went into effect. Do you want it and pay higher taxes?

Odd Locals.

Rev. W. H. McAfee went up to White this week.

Com. Baker spent a day or two at Cleveland first of the week.

We meant to say last week that the NUGGET was mailed every Friday morning.

The Dahlonega colored school is out Thursday, and an exhibition will be given that night. Admit-

ance 10 cents.

W. M. Sherard has located his laundry and dye shop at Mecham'sville. See his ad in another column of this issue.

The fellow that found the small

pocket book containing \$7,00 this side of the Blue Ridge will please return it to this office.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of farm produce. We want your goods. Bring them to us.

HALL MDSE CO.

E. C. Carney, an Atlanta painter,

who has been at work in Dahlonega for several months, left be-

tween two sums this week.

As he passed W. H. Cooks he left a note for

G. C. Wallace in Dahlonega

stating that his wife was sick and

that he left to keep from having

trouble, but would return and set-

tle with him and pay off all his other

little debts in Dahlonega. He

owed John Hatfield some, who

was going to get after the painter

with a sharp stick which explains

his sudden and unexpected depar-

ture Tuesday night at 12 o'clock.

Among the Blockaders.

Judge Newman is still giving the blockaders of the mountains undivided attention in Atlanta.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

Workings of This Branch of the State Government.

HOW IT HAS GROWN SINCE 1850.

Changes That Have Been Made by the Present Commissioner.—Nearly a Million Dollars Turned into the Treasury for the Benefit of the School Fund.—Interesting Facts and Figures.

QUESTION.—I am a farmer and like thousands of others feel interested in the work of the Department of Agriculture. In your monthly answers to questions give me some information on this subject. Is the department an expense or a source of revenue to the state? This is not strictly an agricultural question, but it is strictly business, and I want facts and information on it.

ANSWER.—I—An answer to your first question first, the State Agricultural Department, so far from being an expense to the state has paid into the treasury, for the benefit of the school fund, something like \$750,000. At first the inspection fee was 50 cents a ton. The fertilizer business had not reached its present magnitude, and it was thought that 50 cents a ton would about pay the expenses of running the department. The idea of a revenue from this source was not then thought of. But the sale of fertilizers increased very rapidly, and the inspection fee was consequently reduced to 10 cents, an amount so small that the seller cannot claim any additional price for the fertilizers and yet it protects the consumer, and in the aggregate the department puts into the treasury a clear annual profit. The agent after every expense, Inspector's salaries, Inspector's expenses, tags, bottles, express charges, publications, salaries of commissioners, his clerks, state chemist and two assistants, have all been paid, the state is gained by between \$30,000 and \$30,000 each year. This result has been accomplished by the exercise of the utmost care and economy in the management of the affairs of the department. The business of the office has increased tremendously since 1850, when the present commissioner took charge.

2. The work of the chemical department has more than doubled. In 1850 there were 538 analyses; in 1859-60 there were 1,038 analyses, and the number of brands increased from 410 to 1,178. One of the first changes made by the pres'nt commissioners was to bring the chemical department to Atlanta. The laboratory is now in the capital and all the analyses are conducted there.

3. The work of inspection is no longer done in bulk at the factories. The system of inspecting inaugurated by the present commissioner is the best of any state in the Union, although the inspection fee of 10 cents is the smallest of any state. Inspectors are forbidden to take samples until after the fertilizers leave the factories. They get their samples from farmers' wagons on the cars, in the merchants' ware houses, etc., but always after the goods have left the hands of the manufacturers and are on sale. By this method the entire state is carefully covered, and it is an extremely difficult matter to sell spurious goods in Georgia. But for this careful and thorough inspection the state would be flooded with worthless fertilizers and the farmers suffer in consequence.

4. Another reform inaugurated by the present commissioner was the reduction of the annual pay of fertilizer inspectors from \$1,500 to \$1,000 each, and instead of keeping a large force on duty all the time, only four are appointed for the full time, the others are employed during the busy season, and when the pressure is removed they are discharged. Thus, though the sale of fertilizers and the consequent work of the inspectors have both increased tremendously, the cost is about the same, and until the unprecedented sales of fertilizers the past season, the cost of inspecting was actually less than formerly.

5. Under the present administration of the department, the pay of the oil inspectors has been so reduced that whereas formerly the state did not receive one cent from this source the present commissioner has been able to put \$5,000 into the treasury after all expenses have been paid.

7. Although the office work of the department has doubled and trebled since the present commissioner took charge, the office expenses are several hundred dollars less each year now than then. The increased work is done by the same number of clerks, three, and their combined salaries have been reduced from \$4,500 to \$3,720, or annual reduction of \$750 in clerk hire. Until last year the saving in clerk hire was over \$1,000 each year, but owing to increased work and responsibility the salaries of two of the clerks were raised.

6. Besides the "Monthly Talks and Answers to Questions," which are published by the weekly press throughout the state, the commissioner has prepared and issued thousands of pamphlets and books, giving information as to the resources of Georgia. These books and pamphlets have been sent throughout the north and west, but so great has been the demand for them that it has been impossible to fully meet it.

7. In the matter of buying tags the commissioner has been hampered by the fact that the state printer claimed

this as one of his perquisites, and in this was upheld by the printing committee.

Notwithstanding this fact, the commissioners demanded a reduction in the price and succeeded in reducing it from \$2.00 to \$1.60 per 1,000. Finally he agreed with the attorney general and was advised that he could make the purchase wherever he pleased. Proceeding on this authority he entered into negotiations for obtaining the tags cheaper, and then advertised for sealed bids. The first firm which received the contract failed to comply with the terms, so also the second, and after a third advertising for bids the contract was finally awarded to the Denison Manufacturing company, at 45 cents per 1,000. State Agricultural Department.

THE NEW WAY.

WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local" examinations. By physicians. The result of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine out of ten cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple pure

Mr. ELFREE's
Wine of Cardui

takes in the privacy of a woman's own home, insures quick relief and cures the disease without distress to her. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that attacks the head of "female trouble"—menstrual cramps, "falling of the womb," "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. \$1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special diagnosis, or for giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Board of The Chastisement and Medicine Co., Chatsworth, Ga., will be pleased to answer.

W. L. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says:

"Use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PIEDMONT AIR LINE.

Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains
In Effect May 1, 1861.

Northbound.	No. 12	Ves.	No. 13	Fri. M.
Day	10 a. m.	12 m.	1 p. m.	3 p. m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7.50 a. m.	12 m.	2.25 p.	11.50 p.
Atlanta, Ga.	9.30 a. m.	1 p. m.	3.25 p.	12.30 p.
Lawrenceville	10.30 a. m.	2.25 p.	4.25 p.	12.25 p.
Johns	11.30 a. m.	3.25 p.	5.25 p.	1.30 p.
Mr. Airy	12.30 a. m.	4.25 p.	6.25 p.	2.30 p.
Westminster	12.30 m.	5.25 p.	7.25 p.	3.30 p.
Central	1.30 p.	6.25 p.	8.25 p.	4.30 p.
Springfield	2.30 p.	7.25 p.	9.25 p.	5.30 p.
Gaffney	3.30 p.	8.25 p.	10.25 p.	6.30 p.
King's Mt.	4.30 p.	9.25 p.	11.25 p.	7.30 p.
Charlotte	4.30 p.	9.25 p.	11.25 p.	7.30 p.
An. Danville	5.30 p.	10.25 p.	12.25 p.	8.30 p.
Richmond	6.00 a. m.	11 a. m.	12 a. m.	9 a. m.
Washington	6.42 a. m.	11.45 a. m.	12.45 p.	10.45 a. m.
Philadelphia	7.45 a. m.	12.45 p.	1.45 p.	11.45 a. m.
New York	7.45 a. m.	12.45 p.	1.45 p.	11.45 a. m.

Southbound.

Fri. M.

No. 11

Daily

1. N. Y. P. B. R.

Philadelphia

Washington

Richmond

Lex. Danville

Charlottesville

Kings Mt.

Gaffney

Springfield

Central

Westminster

Powhatan

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Dahlonega Nugget.

Good Advertising Medium.

VOL. VIII—NO. 44.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

One Dollar Per Annum.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1897.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Publisher.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

Dr. N. F. HOWARD,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

W. P. PRICE WM. A. CHARTER
PRICE & CHARTERS,
Attorneys at Law,
AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA.
Collections attended to and remittances
promptly made.
Tax for our residents attended to.
We possess unusual facilities for reporting
upon Lands, Titles and furnishing abstracts.
Fees reasonable and correspondence solicited.

R. H. BAKER,
Attorney at Law,
Dahlonega, Ga.
All legal business promptly attended to.
Mr. I. ly

We Have What You Want.
NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.
The Terror of Fakers, the Most Hon-
est Sporting Paper on Earth.
Bach John Sullivan for \$10,000 in
his Best for 13 weeks at the office, or for
sale everywhere.
ARTHUR T. LUMLEY,
Editor and Proprietor,
24 Broadway, N. Y.
We want agents with good references
and Newsmen in your locality.
Write to us for special terms.

W. S. CAVENDER,
Blacksmith
AND
Wagon
Repairer,
Dahlonega, Ga.

Shop near M. G. Head's Store
where he will be ready to do work
promptly. Jan 16 '97

Mr. H. E. Watson
Inhabited in Dahlonega, so do not know
away your old sewing machines and simi-
laries or old clocks, etc. Mr. Watson has had sixteen
years experience and can give first class
recommendations. All work warranted for
twelve months. Extra better and higher
prices taken at market prices.
May 14 '97.

Hall House,
I. W. Waddell Pro.,
DAHLONEGA, GA.
HOT AND COLD BATHS
—o—
RATES:—\$2 per day, \$7 per week, \$25
per month. Discount given fam-
ilies of two or more.

THE ODELL
TYPE WRITER.

\$20 will buy the ODELL TYPE
WRITER with 75 characters, warranted to do as good work as any
machine made. It combines simplicity with durability,
speed and ease of operation. Wears
longer with less cost of repairs than any
other machine. Has an ink ribbon to
batter the operator. It is neat,
stainless, nickel-plated, perfect, and
adapted to all kinds of work. It produces
sharp, clean, legible manuscripts. Two
or ten copies can be made at one writing.
Any intelligent person can be-
come an operator in two days.
Reliable agents and salesmen wanted.
For pamphlet, giving endorsements,
etc., address

ODELL TYPE WRITER CO.,
358-364 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
July 23 '97

NOTICE OF LOCAL LEGISLATION.
Georgia, Lincoln County.
An Act is hereby passed that at the session
of the state legislature beginning 4th Wednesday
in October, 1897, a bill will be intro-
duced to the Legislature of Georgia, for the
establishing a system of public schools
in the town of Dahlonega, Georgia, appre-
mended December 17, 1894, so as to provide for
the same, and to make available the funds of
said town who may participate in the elec-
tion or elections provided for in said last
named bill for other purposes. This
September 23, 1897.

JOHN J. W. TATE.

ED. NUGGET:

It is not often that a community
loses such a man as John Tate,
from the simple fact that few communities
have such men. It was
my pleasure to have enjoyed his
acquaintance for thirty years, hav-
ing first met him under his fathers
roof while he was still "in his
teens." To have been blessed with
such a father as Rev. William
Tate naturally inspired in the boy
motives and desires of the highest
order. While enjoying the hospi-
tality of his fathers house in 1838
I was struck with the primitive
christian spirit that pervaded the
household. Every word uttered
by the father or the mother, both
of whom have long since passed to
their inheritance above, was uttered
in loving kindness and tenderness;
and what most attracted my
attention was the respect and loving
obedience shown by the children
for their christian parents.
This remarkable feature of the
household greatly impressed me;
and from that day on, for a quarter
of a century, as a neighbor and
friend, I was impressed more and
more with it. John being the old
est boy much devolved upon him
and much depended upon him.
And he seemed to appreciate that
fact in all its bearings. On all
occasions and under all circumstances
he honored his father and mother.
When death was hovering over
him he was not tortured by recol-
lection of times and places when
and where he had treated badly his
aged father or mother. Nor was
his kind and affectionate conduct
limited to his parents, for his
brothers and sisters were similarly
treated. Under that parental roof
a large family of loving and affectionate
children were raised. John
had two younger brothers, Mr.
Thos. A. P. Tate and W. H. C.
Stover of Tennesse. The raising of
such a family stands for a living
monument to that grand old couple
Rev. William Tate and his chris-
tian wife—she was Miss Sallie
Brown, of White county. Yes,
Uncle Billy, Tate, as we all called
him, was not only a Primitive Baptist
Minister but he lived up to his
religion at home and away from
home and his memory is cherished
by all who knew him. It was such
a father that John J. W. Tate was
following in the foot prints of when
death called him as he was just
entering upon mature middle age.
He was born Nov. 19th 1849 right
where he died Aug. 23rd 1897,
being forty-seven years, nine
months and four days old when he
died. He had lived an honest, in-
dustrious and economical life, and
left his family in good circum-
stances. He married Miss Jacinta A.
LaPrad of Habersham county, and
left her with eight children, six
boys and two girls. As he patterned
after his sainted father so it is
hoped his boys will follow his ex-
ample. He came as near as any
one living up to the injunction
"do unto others as you would have
others do unto you." He was truly
the friend of the poor and helpless.
No man or woman ever went
to him in distress but they found a
sympathizing heart and received
help at his hands. And it has
often been said of him by those
who helped him to do it, and draggily,
as though he hated to do it, but always
helped them in a manner and

spirit that made them feel that it
afforded him pleasure to help them
in their distress. The poor and
afflicted lost a friend when John
Tate died. Oftentimes the deceased
is forgotten when the grave is
filled up and the people turn away
from it, but not so in this case.
All went home feeling that they
had lost a friend, and feeling that
though time heals even the wounds
inflicted by Death yet it does not
always supply a friend in the place
of one whom Death has taken from us.
That sad thought is causing
deep throbs in many bosoms among
those whom he so often helped, and
this humble tribute to his memory
is but a feeble reflex of the sentiment.
HENRY P. FARROW,
Porter Springs, Ga.

How Oysters Build Shells.

The body of an oyster is poor,
weak thing, apparently incapable
of doing anything at all; yet what
a marvellous house an oyster
builds around its delicate frame!
When the oyster is first born he is
very simple, delicate dot, as it were,
and yet he is born with his
two shells upon him. For some
unknown reason, he always fixes
himself on his round shell, never
on his flat shell; and being once fixed
he begins to grow, but he only
grows in summer. Inspect an
oyster closely, and it will be seen
that it is marked with distinct
lines. As the rings we observe in
the section of the trunk of a tree
denote years of growth, so does
the marking of an oyster tell us
how many years he has passed in
his "bed" at the bottom of the sea.
Suppose an oyster was born June
15th, 1890, he would go on growing
up to the first line we see well
marked; he would double his size,
in 1892 he would add to this house.
In 1893 and 1894 he would again
go on building till he was dredged
up in the middle of the work in
1895, when he would be five and a
half years old. The way in which an
oyster builds his shell is a pretty
sight. The beard or fringe of
an oyster is not only his breathing
organ—i.e., his lungs—but his
feeding organ, by which he con-
veys the food to his complicated
mouth with his four lips.

When the warm, calm days of
June come, and by means of his
fringe, begins building an addition
to his house. This he does
by depositing articles of carbonate
of lime till at last they form a
substance as thin as silver paper
and exceedingly fragile; then he
adds more and more, till at last
the new shell is as hard as the old
shell. When oysters are growing
in their shells they must be hand-
led very carefully, as the new growth
will cut like broken glass, and a
wound on a finger from an oyster
shell is often very troublesome.

A sure cure for small pox is
given by Dr. Bibb, chief surgeon
of the Mexican National Railroad.
He says: We use one part of
chloride of mercury to 500 parts of
water. This is used as a bath and
is applied with a sponge over the
entire body of the patient every
three or six hours according to the
severity of the case. The effect of
the application is entirely antiseptic
and is very soothing. The pa-
tient often calls for his bath before
the stated time. It has a great ad-
vantage over the old methods of
treatment with ointments and
salves, in that it is absolutely clean-
ly and prevents the stools accom-
panying the disease.

Don't expect any other man to
do more than you would yourself
under the same circumstances.
There is a streak of human nature
running through most all of us,

What to Do in Emergencies.

Since accidents are liable to happen
even in the best regulated families,
it is more wise than otherwise to be
prepared in case of emergency.

In many of the diaries used in
the large business establishments,
there is half a page devoted to
"Help in case of accident!"

Thus, these directions which are
invaluable at times are constantly
within every one's reach during
business hours; and even in the
following clipping might be taken
and tacked or pasted in some con-
venient corner, where one would
notice it occasionally, perchance
to remember some part of it, or
where one could go, for help in
time of need, while waiting for the
physician.

This may seem an unnecessary
precaution, but the knowledge of
just what to do or what to give has
more than once saved a human being,
where the doctor's aid would
have arrived too late. The helps
given below are taken from one of
the aforesaid diaries, and consequently,
are presumed to be very accurate:

Drowning.—1. Loosen clothing,
if any. 2. Empty lungs of water
by laying body on its stomach and
lifting it by the middle so that the
head hangs down. 3. Pull tongue
forward, using handkerchief. 4.
Apply warmth to extremities. 5.
When breathing begins get patient
into warm bed, give warm drinks,
or spirits in teaspoonfuls, fresh
air and quiet.

Burns and scalds.—Cover with
cooking soda and lay wet cloth
over it. Whites of egg and olive
oil, plain, or mixed with chalk or
whiting.

Lighting.—Dash cold water on
person struck.

Sunstroke.—Loosen clothing.
Get patient into shade, and apply
cold water to the head.

Venomous insects' stings, etc.
Apply weak ammonia, oil, salt water,
or iodine.

Fainting.—Place flat on back; al-
low fresh air and sprinkle with
water.

Tests of death.—Hold mirror to
mouth; if living, moisture will
gather. Push pin into flesh. If
dead the hole will remain; if alive
it will close up.

Cinders in the eye.—Roll soft
paper up like lamp lighter and
wet the tip to remove, or use a
medicine dropper to draw it out.
Rub the other eye.

Antidotes for poisons: First—
Send for a physician.

Second.—Induce vomiting by
tickling throat with feather or fin-
ger. Drinking hot water or strong
mustard and water. Swallow the
whites of eggs or sweet oil.

Arsenic: (rat poison, Par-
is green). Milk, raw eggs, sweet
oil, flour and water.

Bug poison: (led, salpeter,
corrosive sublimate, sugar of lead,
blue vitrol).—Whites of eggs or
milk in large doses.

Chlorform: (chloral ether).—
Dash cold water on head and chest.
Artificial respiration.

Carbonate soda: (copperas, co-
balt).—Soapsuds and mucilaginous
drinks.

Iodine: (antimony, tartar emetic).—
Starch and water. Astringent
infusions. Strong tea.

Mercury and its salts: Whites
of egg. Milk mucilages.

Nitrate of silver: (lunar caustic).
Salt and water.

Opium: (morphine, laudanum,
paregoric, soothing powders, or
syrups). Strong coffee, hot bath.

Keep a wake and moving at any
cost.

Don't borrow, but get a paper of
your own.

A Fault of Young Men.

"A grave fault with a goodly
number of young men is a disposi-
tion to quarrel with their surround-
ings, whereas the real fault is not there," writes Edward W.
Box, in "Problems of Young
Men," in the October Ladies Home
Journal.

"Young men do not seem clearly to realize that where
they are they were intended to be,
and for some mighty good pur-
pose, too. The place where a
young man finds himself is exactly
where his Creator meant that he
should be. Therefore he is capable
of filling it. God makes no
mistakes. But it is meant that we
should grow of our own efforts;
get strong through the conquering
of difficulties. When a young man
starts out to live a useful life, and
starts with a right determination,
an adherence to honorable principles,
and a faith in God, no power
on earth can retard him long, seriously
interrupt his career or effectively
stop him. He is bound to win.
Our failures are always due to
ourselves; never to other people,
nor to our environments.

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if any. 2. Empty lungs of water
by laying body on its stomach and
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of egg. Milk mucilages.

Nitrate of silver: (lunar caustic).
Salt and water.

RANSON LIVER PILLS
AND TONIC PELLETS
Are different from all other
medicines. Each pellet
is a specific drug thus doing away with
drastic purgatives and curing by the
Mild Power Theory.

One Pink Pill cures the liver
removes the bile, removes the bowels. The
Tonic Pellet does the rest.
Have one! Sample free at any store,
Complete Treatment, 25 doses 25c.
Brown Mfg. Co., N. Y. & Greeneville, Tenn.

NEW
GOODS
—AT—
LOW PRICES

TO BE FOUND AT—
MOORE
& MCGUIRES,
SUCH AS
DRY GOODS
Boots,
Shoes,
GROCERIES
HARDWARE.

Sewing
Machines.

In fact anything
usually found in any
general mercantile es-
tablishment can be
had at

Moore & McGuire.

NORTH GEORGIA
Agricultural College,
DEPARTMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY,
At Dahlonega, Georgia.

Spring term begins first Monday in February.
Fall term begins first Monday in September.

FULL LITERARY COURSES
TUITION FREE
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THROUGH MILITARY TRAINING
under a U. S. Army Officer detailed by
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hand, Typewriting, Telegraphy,
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Are best illustrated and described in

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The World-Famous

Patron of Sports.

\$1.00—13 WEEKS—\$1.00

MAILED TO YOUR ADDRESS.

RICHARD K. FOX, Publisher,
Franklyn Square, New York.

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 22, 1897.
Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga. P. O.
as Second Class Matter.

Twelve persons and a dog have
the small pox in Atlanta.

Yellow Jack has made its
appearance in Montgomery.

It is reported that Monticello
will have a negro post master.

Convicts are fed for 71-2c.
per day—\$26 per year—in Fulton
county.

Col. Farrow thinks that he will
leave for Washington city in a few
days.

Reynolds, the Jackson county
murder has another respite which
ends December 3rd.

A school is to be established at
Murrayville Hall county, called the
Murrayville, High School.

One of Ruckers' collectors was
killed the other night by stopping
off a bridge and falling 75 feet.

We see that the 1st day of De
cember has been fixed as the time
to close the tax books by some of
the collectors.

The city council of Gainesville
has decided to pay the interest on
the \$20,000 issued by that city to
secure the Gainesville and South
ern railroad.

Miss Hurst, the daughter of J.
B. Hurst was shot and killed with
a pistol in Mitchell county the
other day by Mack Lewis, her
lover.

The amount to be paid the state
this year by Lumpkin county is
\$4,988.37 and the amount she re
ceives in pensions and school
money is \$8,160.89, gain \$4,472.
22

Mrs. Goffrey, daughter of the
late Ben Dugger, of Fannin county,
was to have been tried at Morgan
town this week for the murder of
an infant child of her daughter,
which was committed many years
ago.

William Lizzenny, a justice
court bailiff, and Bartley Amos, a
negro, on whose property the
officer attempted to levy last Fri
day in Perry, Ga., were both killed
in a duel.

Two men near Albany the other
day settled the silver and sound
money question by shooting at
each other two shots took effect in
J. A. Kirby which were fired by
Geo. Baggs.

The other Sunday as some par
ties were returning home from
Yellow Creek camp ground they
stopped under a tree during a
rain. Lightning struck the tree
and killed four miles and badly
shocked several people.

The yellow fever in New Orleans
is beyond the control of the phys
icians and the cases are not con
fined to any particular part of the
city. There are more than forty
new cases now nearly every day.

The coasting steamer Triton,
from Havana to Bahia Honda, has
been wrecked on the North Coast
of Cuba and two hundred lives
lost. On board was \$31,660 to
pay the Spanish military and naval
forces.

They tried two fellows in White
Superior Court last week charged
with pouring liquor in a man's
ears, nose and mouth, who were ac
quitted. If it had not missed his
mouth probably he would not have
squashed.

It was believed that Hymon
Richardson would get the Gaines
ville P. O. until Col. Farrow made
it known that he would apply then
a change came about causing sur
prise and alarm among Mr. Rich
ardson and his friends.

News has been received of the
conviction of Pine Bluff, Ark., of
J. M. Muse for the murder of Dr.
L. B. Beard, formerly of Canton.
Dr. Beard was born in Union county
in 1863, but lived many years
in Cherokee and Dawsonville.

Tate and Thompson.

Hon. F. C. Tate, one present
congressman, spent several days in
the city this week shaking hands
with the boys, who are always glad
to meet Mr. Tate, as he spent sev
eral months here some years ago
while going to college and seems
like home folks. The gentleman
is again a candidate for reelection
to this high and important position
against Col. Howard Thompson,
the present solicitor general of
this circuit, who is also in the
city discharging his official duties.

Both have visited other counties
looking after their political fences,
the former already has his five feet
high and is now engaged in stop
ping the cracks, while the latter is
building his worm and by the time
the nominating convention meets
will have his as high as his oppo
nent, leaving the finishing touches
to be made by the boys. Which
they will do the most work on is
not known, as both these gentle
men are persons of much influence
and have many warm friends in
every county throughout the dis
trict.

Dalton's Criminals

Dalton, Ga., Oct. 16.—Yesterday

proved the most sensational of all

days in every particular. One of the

most prominent men, socially and
from a business standpoint, Capt.
T. J. Peoples, was convicted by his

low countrymen of receiving stolen
goods from the Bohannon car
pirates.

Anderson Giddens, a prominent
member of the Methodist church,
who was attending the Dalton dis
trict conference at Adairsville, Ga.,
when the trouble came up, admitted
his complicity by a plea of guilty
when charged with the crime of
receiving stolen goods, but says
that he did not know it at the time
he contracted with the Bohannon
gang.

W. B. McCarson, the Republicans
who has the endorsement of the pow
ers that be for postmaster of Dalton,
has been arrested on the charge of
receiving stolen goods. His case will

come up for trial this afternoon,
provided the expectation of the court
are realized.

The most sensational event of the
week has been the conviction of Capt.
T. J. Peoples, local agent of the West
ern and Atlantic railroad for the
past five years. He was found guilty
with a recommendation of mercy to
the court. The supposition is that
the case will be appealed, although
his lawyers refuse to the last minute
to deny or affirm the statement.
When asked today if his position
had been declared vacant, Capt.
Peoples said he had received no
information to that effect.

Lee Arnold paid guilty to the
charge of having received stolen
goods, but withdrew the plea and
after hearing the evidence in the case
Judge Fite instructed the jury to
return a verdict of not guilty. This

has been the only case that has
come before the court which has not
been left with the jury and been
found guilty.

The case of the state vs. Ed Rob
erts, a North Dalton merchant, for
receiving stolen goods, six boxes of
tobacco, was taken up this morning
and with the argument has occupied
the entire time of the court up to
noon today. Another sensation was
sprung on the people by the arrest
of A. J. Frank and Tom Cartwright
on a similar charge. Another war
rant was served on T. J. Peoples to
day for receiving stolen goods. The
disappearance of Dan M. Peoples and
his brother, Tom N. remains un
solved, although the telegraph wires
have been brought into requisition
by Sheriff Johnson and the other
officers in their efforts to apprehend
these prominent citizens who are try
ing to shake the dust of Dalton from
their feet.

A Cure for Heartburn.

That burning sensation in the stomach,
the pains and sufferings which I experienced
for five long years, brought on by continued
constipation and biliousness, are almost
entirely gone. I have a strong appetite
without effect. Finally I tried Ramon's
Liver Bals. & Tonic Pill, following the dire
ction of the doctor. After taking up the dose
I began to improve. I have not used more
than three boxes and feel as well as I ever
did. My appetite is great and now
I attribute my cure to the Ramon's
Pills & Tonic Pills, and I only wish
I could persuade others to do as I did and be
cured. Logan M. Nails, Amsterdam, Va.
Oct. 22.

Lumpkin Superior Court.

Court convened at 9 o'clock, a.
m., with his honor Judge Kimsey
presiding, who, after the grand jury
had selected Dr. E. F. Chapman
as its foreman, gave the body
the usual charge as required by
law and the court proceeded with
business.

The divorce mill was put in motion
and the matrimonial knot of
quite a number was untied and the
happy parties turned loose to call
on and be called upon so as to
make the rest of life both pleasant
and happy.

The business disposed of up to
going to press is as follows:

Jacob A. Brown vs. Mattie

Brown, libel for divorce—total di
vorce granted and defendants dis
abilities removed.

Roxie Davis vs. Henry Davis—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and defendants disabilities
removed.

C. C. Evans vs. Mary Evans—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and defendants disabilities
removed.

Martha Hutson vs. Rile Hut
son—libel for divorce, total di
vorce granted and defendants dis
abilities removed.

W. A. Husted vs. James E.
Dunn—complaint on note, judg
ment for plaintiff.

Linda Roper vs. Joseph Roper—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and defendants dis
abilities removed.

Minity Payne vs. Wesley Payne—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and defendants disabilities
removed.

Frank W. Hall Mdse Co. vs. the
Chestnut Co.—attachment, ver
dict and judgment for plaintiff.

M. J. Williams for the use of
W. J. Barnes—foreclosure of
mortgage, judgment for plaintiff.

W. A. Whelchel, bearer, vs. J.
M. Whelchel—complaint on note,
verdict and judgment for plaintiff.

Sarah Davis vs. Tilman Davis—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and defendants disabilities
removed.

W. A. Waters vs. Elizabeth Waters—
libel for divorce, total divorce
granted and disabilities removed.

W. J. Burt commissioned Nota
Public for Lumpkin county.

Equitable Mortgage Co., vs.
J. T. Grindle—complaint, judg
ment for plaintiff.

Equitable Mortgage Co. vs. T.
C. Sain—complaint, judgment for
plaintiff.

State vs. John Hulsey—rape,
verdict not guilty.

State vs. Norman Teague—larceny,
not prosed.

In Re Mafinda Butler—peti
tion for relief, etc., marriage an
nulled and declared void.

State vs. Geo. Shelton—retail
ing—plea of guilty and fined \$10
and costs.

State vs. Bill Crane—assault and
battery, not prosed.

State vs. Rile Hutson—misde
meanor, verdict not guilty.

State vs. Will Palmer—retail
ing, verdict not guilty.

State vs. John Stone—retail
ing, plea of guilty.

State vs. Wm. McDonald—ass
ault and battery, plea of guilty.

State vs. Bill Crane—retail
ing, plea of guilty.

State vs. James Adams chea
ting and swindling, verdict of not
guilty.

State vs. Charlie Hunter, as
sault with intent to murder, plea
of guilty to assault and battery.

State vs. John Corn—retailing,

assault and battery, not prosed on pay
ment of costs.

State vs. Frank Crisson—carry
ing pistol, verdict of guilty.

H. D. Jaquish vs. J. F. Bigbee,
complainant, &c., settled.

W. A. Charters and Homer D.
Strickland appointed Notaries
Public for Lumpkin county.

State vs. Henry Castleberry,
col.,—retailing, not prosed.

State vs. John Satterfield—dis
turbing worship, plea of guilty.

State vs. Frank Weaver—for
nication, verdict not guilty.

State vs. Julia Townsend—adul
tery and fornication, not prosed.

State Banking Co. of Gaines
ville vs. J. W. Walker, H. D.
Ingersoll, J. H. Moore, Geo. W.
Walker—complaint on note, ver
dict making J. W. Walker and
Geo. W. Walker principals and J.
H. Moore and H. D. Ingersoll se
curities.

State vs. Fate Johnson, et al.—
riot, discharged on demand.

L. D. Larmon vs. J. B. Lar
mon—divorce, alimony and coun
sel fees.

M. G. Head vs. Jack Strickland—
foreclosure of mortgage, order
for publication.

Maggie P. Gurley for use, &c.
vs. C. A. Maddox—foreclosure of
mortgage, order for publication.

F. M. Williams for use of Mary
I. Stanton vs. H. F. Gaddis—fore
closure of mortgage, order for pub
lication.

Twenty two true bills were
found by the grand jury up to
Thursday night.

Some Penal Facts.

Georgia's total penitentiary
population is 2,356.

Fulton county has the largest
number of penitentiary convicts—
244.

Chatham county has the second
largest number—176.

Glynn county now has 49 convicts
in the penitentiary.

Dawson, Echols, Fannin, Gilmer,
and White counties have only one
convict each. Murray and Towns
counties have none.

The crime of burglary is repre
sented by the convict number of
convict—870.

There are 373 murderers in the
penitentiary of the state.

There are 81 rapists in the state
penitentiary—and 78 attempted
rapists.

Comparatively infrequent crimes
are represented in the penitentiary
by 69 for arson, 6 for bigamy, 2 for
infanticide, 3 for incest, 3 for kid
napping, 2 for mayhem, and one for
personating another.—From Gover
nor Atkinson's message.

W. H. C. Tate, Ordinary.

CITY TAX NOTICE.

This is to give notice that the city
tax books of Dahlonega will close on
the 30th of October, 1897, according to
instructions from the Mayor and Coun
cil. All persons who have failed to set
tle their taxes by that time will have
fines imposed against them. I will be
in my office the last two days for the
purpose of accommodating those who
may not see me before that time.

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE, FIRST ROUND.

Friday Oct. 22, at Dahlonega 10 a.m.

Monday Oct. 25, Davis 10 a.m., Mill Creek

Tuesday Oct. 26, Nimblewill 10 a.m.

Jones' Creek 2 p.m.

Wednesday Oct. 27, Hightower 10 a.m.

Carrollton 2 p.m.

Thursday Oct. 28, Yoho 10 a.m., Port
Spring 2 p.m.

Friday Oct. 29, Chestnut 10 a.m., Fing
town 2 p.m.

Tuesday Nov. 2, Crumby's 10 a.m., Nol
 Creek 2 p.m.

Wednesday Nov. 3, Waloo 10 a.m., Mar
tin's Ford 2 p.m.

Thursday Oct. 4, Aurora 10 a.m.

JOHN F. SARGENT, T. C.

Potash

is a necessary and important
ingredient of complete fer
tilizers. Crops of all kinds
require a properly balanced
manure. The best

A short Potash will be given to
those who are interested in
knowing the use of Potash.

For a few cents a box
you will receive a
sample of Potash.

GEORGE KALL WORKS,

100 Nassau Street, New York.

George Kall, 100 Nassau Street, New
York, N. Y.

George Kall, 100 Nassau Street, New
York, N. Y.

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THE NUGGET

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 22, 1887.

One old man was granted a divorce this week who has grand children.

The business of the Superior Court has been transacted rapidly this week.

A little child of John Gaddis was severely burned the other day while playing with powder.

Senator Castleberry has been in Dahlonega most of the week shaking hands with his friends.

Our old friend John Findley, of Gainesville, is in the city this week, as lively as ever.

Post master Burst was in from Burtsboro this week and reported everything peaceful and quiet out his way.

Bill Crane, charged with selling liquor, after dodging the sheriff for some time, came in this week and made bond.

Both old and new subscribers made us happy this week in paying for and supporting their country paper.

Capt. F. M. Williams has not returned from his visit to relatives in Cherokee county yet, but he is kept posted about home affairs by the weekly visits of the NUGGET.

Some of our citizens were in favor of the tax receiver and treasurer of Lumpkin county being consolidated, but it cannot be done unless the Constitution is changed.

Mr. Findley, the stenographer, is up this week but is in a bad fix to do business as he has several carbuncles on his neck, rendering him to be unable to turn his head.

The grand jury failed to find a true bill against Albert Coffee, col., who has been in jail ever since the colored camp meeting near town charged with disturbing it.

The misbehavior at the recent colored camp meeting near Dahlonega cost the county quite a sum of money, but nevertheless every body should be made to behave who attend it.

Mr. Jaquish, who went from this county down to Wooley's Ford to operate a mining boat, was up this week on a "counting" expedition. The gentleman is very well pleased with the results of his operation.

Mooney, the man who was at one time adjudged a lunatic in this county, was released this week on the charge of destroying a man's water melons. The jury didn't wish to see a lunatic wearing the ball and chains.

The colored launderman and dyer, after remaining here but a short time left for his home near Atlanta this week on account of his business not being profitable. He used to edit a paper and quite likely is the first colored newspaper man ever in Dahlonega.

Quite a number of visiting members of the bar have been attending Lumpkin Superior Court this week to wit: Cols. H. H. Dean, H. H. Perry, Hubert Estes, of Gainesville; Col. C. J. Welborn, Jr., Blairsville; Col. Geo. Erwin, Clarkesville; Cols. Geo. Kyle, Isaac Oaks, Cleveland.

Geo. Corn got into trouble last Tuesday afternoon by having on too much liquor. He said some very naughty things to City Marshal Waters which caused the officers club to be brought into use before he was locked up, leaving an ugly wound on his forehead. Then he was brought before the Judge and fined five dollars for contempt of court. The mayor also caused him to pay the usual fine. The lecture given him by Judge Kinsey should be a warning to all young men who sip the wine that looks red in the glass.

It seems that the grand jury became divided on certain matters and went before the Judge for a second charge Monday. It has got to be a frequent thing for persons to "whip the devil around the stump" by reporting parties to the solicitor, especially when they get offended, and not appear as prosecutors, which caused the body's second appearance before his honor. The numbers of grand jurors could not cut down to at least half and do just as much work as they now do unless each member was bound to investigate and prosecute matters six months previous. Under the present law a juror can act the drone if he wants to and not violate his oath.

The court bailiffs have certainly earned their money this week.

We have had more rain this week and it is hoped that the miners will still be able to go to work shortly.

Numbers of wells have gone dry in Dahlonega which gives many considerable inconvenience in getting water.

Some needed repairs are being made on the building of Meaders & Reese, situated on the public square.

Mrs. W. S. Wilson, who has been in Dahlonega for some time, returned to her home in Savannah last Monday.

Acy Crenshaw, of New Bridge who was up this week informs us that he has built him a residence in Hall county and will move in it in a few days.

Uncle Henry Houser, of Dawson county, was up this week. He owns lands in this county and was the first one that paid our tax collector any money this year.

We are informed that the Ellijay mail rider has gone by Davis' bridge frequently and missed Jay post office. We hope the new contractor will not be so careless.

Three lewd women fearing court left out last Monday morning just at day light in a wagon headed towards Gainesville, while their lovers are hiding out in the woods to keep from being witnesses.

Gus Pitman was arrested by Sheriff Brooksher in Dahlonega Monday night on a warrant sent over from Fannin county, charged with misdemeanor. It is claimed that he broke jail at that place.

Uncle Tom Edwards who hauled lumber for the construction of the present court house in 1835 was on the grand jury this week. He is pale and hasty and is apparently good for many more years yet.

All persons indebted to J. A. Ferguson are requested to come forward and settle the same at once so as to save paying out cost. Corn and other produce will be received, which can be left at Moore & McGuire's.

We were informed the other day if the mail carriers would use less liquor we would get our mail more promptly. Nearly every time a mail carrier gets tight we have a late mail. Can't Uncle Sam ready this?

Miss Zora LaPrade, of Habersham county, was married to S. S. Burnet of White county, on last Wednesday at Willow by Rev. Mr. Hunnicutt of Dahlonega. May peace, happiness and prosperity attend them through life.

An old herb doctor after spending some time in Davis' district selling his medicine left out last week. He paid his respects to a certain female in that section in such a manner as to cause the boys to threaten to ride him off on a rail. Not wishing to have to use a conveyance of this kind made the trip off a foot.

George Shelton, who is charged with selling liquor, was given up by his bondsmen and put in jail last Monday. Not long since he served out a sentence in Fulton county jail for the same offense, having pled guilty in the U. S. Court. Blockaders had better suspend business. Then they would have better times.

It seems that the grand jury became divided on certain matters and went before the Judge for a second charge Monday. It has got to be a frequent thing for persons to "whip the devil around the stump" by reporting parties to the solicitor, especially when they get offended, and not appear as prosecutors, which caused the body's second appearance before his honor.

The numbers of grand jurors could not cut down to at least half and do just as much work as they now do unless each member was bound to investigate and prosecute matters six months previous. Under the present law a juror can act the drone if he wants to and not violate his oath.

Lumpkin County's school population is 2,227 and she gets \$4,80.59.

Some cheap second hand buggies for sale by M. J. Williams. Call and get a bargain.

Our farmers have been unable to sow any grain scarcely on account of the dry weather.

Mr. C. Wellborn and lady of Union county have been spending the week in Dahlonega at the Burnside.

Assistant postmaster Price is wearing a very large smile now. It's a girl and appeared at his residence last Friday afternoon.

Judge Murray while returning to Dahlonega from Tennessee this week came by the Big Joe Mine, found the mill running and was pleased with the prospects.

There was no preaching at the Baptist church Sunday evening on account of Judge Kinsey arriving too late to occupy the stand, which caused the pastor of the Methodist church to be greeted with a large congregation.

Not long since we left out some matter in order to publish a program for a gentleman just for accommodation. Later on when this man had a job that there was some money in it he carried it to the other office. This is one way to return thanks.

A Mr. Hunt who spent the summer in Dahlonega claiming to be sent here to look over the mining lands of Lumpkin county, is now in Dawson county. While here he slept out and masticated quite a lot of food at the Hall House, being to the tune of \$125, so says the proprietor.

There seems to be some dissatisfaction among a portion of the citizens about the building of the new iron bridge at Leather's Ford. The Virginia Company that constructed the iron work for \$900, for \$750 more proposed to put in steel piers. As it is the pillars are built of stone without even a trowel of mortar or cement at a cost of \$800.

A Gainesville business man made us a proposition last week to give us a large amount of work but the money offered wouldn't much more than keep our old rooster alive during twelve months. We are not working for accommodation and if we did have any space to give way our home merchants will get it. We are working for Dahlonega and Lumpkin county.

Since securing the required number of freeholders asking that a county stock law election be held we find that the Supreme Court—9th Ga., says that when the "fence law" carries in any county or district it "shall be permanent and not thereafter subject to change." Therefore we decline to present the petition and if the citizens other than those in the stock law districts wish higher taxes let them all vote for stock law and they can be accommodated.

While H. F. Anderson, who resides a few miles from town, was away from home one night last week some one tried to break into his residence. They made two or three efforts and did not leave until Mrs. Anderson and his daughter got up and struck a light. The party no doubt knew that Mr. Anderson had money and it was at the house. This caused Mr. Anderson to be more careful with his money, who brought it to town the next day and deposited it in a safe.

We see from the Gainesville Eagle that Col. H. P. Farrow is going to become a citizen of that city during the winter, but will hold forth at the Queen of the Mountains during the summer. We are glad that the Colonel has determined to move his winter quarters nearer Dahlonega. Maybe he will keep those fellows straight who have been telling falsehoods about our school and endeavoring to injure our town otherwise. The Eagle says that Colonel Farrow would make them a good post master. Wouldn't it be funny if he were never to reduce their pay.

B. R. Meaders leaves this week for Swainsboro.

New corn still selling at fifty cents per bushel in trade.

Mrs. Clarissa Webb came up on a visit from Atlanta last Saturday.

The Judge, solicitor, attorneys and many others made the Burnside their headquarters this week.

Tax Collector Sargent killed a large rattle snake the other day. It bit his dog which died in less than half an hour.

D. T. Harris has moved from the Besser House and is now looking down upon Dahlonega from Murray's Heights.

J. F. Moore, of Dahlonega has such a severe attack of the cold fever that it keeps him down at the Big Joe Mine most of the time.

A couple of old California miners who had been here prospecting for several days, left last Sunday for Jasper. They came here from Cincinnati.

The Baptist church was crowded last Sunday to hear the new pastor, Mr. Parks, preach. Many were unable to get into the house and had to return home,

Beef cattle seems to be very low and dull in the Dahlonega market just at this time. Several had to be carried back home last Saturday for the want of a purchaser, our market men having all they desired.

All of the committee appointed from the board of education to go over into Shoal Creek and Wahoo districts last Saturday to locate schools were unable to get on hand and the matter goes over for a while longer.

Some of the citizens from the stock law district while in town said that they were already sick of the law. Bushels and bushels of acorns are rotting on the ground while corn is being gathered from the fields to feed the hogs and cattle.

Jennie Free came into town Saturday night crying and hunting for the Squire to get a warrant for Tom Ray and Tom Duckett who she said met her in the road and abused her, one of them drawing his knife across her throat while intoxicated.

The few hands that are on the Auraria road between the incorporate limits and the three mile post are not sufficient to keep up that public highway in proper shape and several days work had to be done on it last week at the expense of the county.

Miss Lizzie, daughter of Scott Chapman, who resided near Auraria, died one day last week of fever. The night before she died she seemed to be recovering and was laughing and talking to some lady friends, but before daylight there was a change and the lady's voice was hushed by the cold hand of death.

We see from the Constitution that business is so dull with some of the Deputy Marshals that they say they will have to resign in order to make a living. The blockader has now got it in his hands. He can cease work and cause them to disband if he wants to which will be much better for him and the country generally.

The Jasper Republican is grumbling because the grand jury of Pickens county does not want to pay any thing scarcely for the publication of the presentations. Do like we do—not publish them unless allowed legal rates. That was tried in this county once and we would not publish them. Judge Kinsey said that he had rather pull the money out of his own pocket than not have them printed, and ordered that the work be done. Jurors that want to hold the nose of the operator of every public institution to the grind stone is worthless to the county in which they reside. A newspaper will benefit the county more in one week than such stingy man as these will in all their lives. They take care never to reduce their pay.

Mrs. J. M. Brooksher is quite sick.

The hotel de Brooksher has been well patronized this week.

Marshal Waters came very near getting a keg of blockade liquor out about Last Chance Tuesday night.

A. S. Whelchel is now all right for grinding and ginning down at the Ford as he has just had his new mill and gin completed.

The phonograph man and patent medicine fellow have both been here this week taking in all the odd change they could find.

The wife of Geo. Elrod, col., is considered dangerous and some one will likely swear out a warrant against her for lunacy today.

We were shown a bill this week by John Cochran dated at Rhode Island in the year 1786, which states on its face that it is "good for one shilling."

The grand jury failed to return a bill against Walt Ward who has been confined in jail for some weeks charged with carrying concealed weapons.

Gold watches seem to be very cheap in Dahlonega. A young man showed us one the other day which he said only cost him one dollar and fifty cents.

The members of Concord church are especially invited to be present on Saturday before the second Sunday in next month to take some action about the building of a new church house.

We are sorry to learn that Geo. Rhodes of this county, who has been spending some weeks down in his old county, Dawson, is still ill and will not likely be here for some time yet.

Ed. Austin, and another negro named Howe got into a difficulty first or the week in which Ed. got struck in the mouth by the other fellow's fist. Ed. swore out a warrant against his antagonist and had him arrested and put in jail. Court week is a bad time to fight, boys.

It seems that Kirk Hendrecks has been doing a good deal of mischief up on Chestnut district. He was arrested by James Robinson last week on a justices court warrant for various offenses but succeeded in making his escape and is now out in the mountains where the "liqon roareth."

Uncle John B. Graham, of Two Run, was in town first of the week. The old man is getting very feeble and gave out before he reached town Tuesday. He says the object of his visit here was to wind up some business so as to have every thing ready when the time comes for him to take his departure to the world beyond.

As stated some weeks ago a petition was being circulated for the purpose of securing fifteen freeholders to present to the ordinary asking a stock law election to be held in the Dahlonega district in the near future. The following gentlemen have already signed it. S. A. Smith, M. R. Moore, W. H. Cook, J. M. McDonald, R. H. Baker and B. R. Meaders.

The following letter, says the Gainesville Eagle, is from a Hall county boy now in attendance upon the North Georgia Agricultural College at Dahlonega: "This session of the N. G. A. College has made the largest enrollment to date in the history of the institution. Ninety new students have been enrolled, besides a large number of older ones. Every day new faces are seen in the chapel, and the indications point to an enrollment of over 200 before Christmas. Prof. Stewart has put new life into the college, and the students are much pleased with the new corps of instructors. Hall county has a large representation, in fact the largest of any county except Lumpkin, and we propose to carry our share of the honors. The literary societies are in a flourishing condition. Capt. Tillson makes a fine commandant."

A Pleasant Occasion.

Judge Kinsey, Solicitor Thompson, Congressman Tate and all the local and visiting members of the bar accepted an invitation Wednesday evening to take tea with Col. R. H. Baker and lady in Dahlonega. The supper was elegant and several hours were spent very pleasantly by those present and the occasion will long be remembered by the participants as a happy one.

Odd Locals.

Remember if you fail to settle your town taxes this month, you will lose money.

Court will either adjourn today or tomorrow. The grand jury has a large amount of important business before it.

How a minister can criticize people for going to a show and then afterwards sit in the court room and listen to the testimony in a rape case all day is somewhat a mystery to us.

Representative Charters will leave for Atlanta next week to commence the discharge of his duties in the legislature. It seems now that the convict question is the biggest thing the body will have before it.

Bear in mind that you will not have as long a time in which to settle your state and county taxes this year as usual. The controller says the collector must close time enough to settle with the state by the 20th.

Alexander Whelchel of Jackson county, disappeared from Dahlonega in a hurry Wednesday when the officers got after him on account of a \$10 reward being offered by parties in that county for his arrest and delivery to the authorities in Gainesville.

An Old Wagon.

Uncle Berry Larmon, who lives in the Western portion of Lumpkin county, has a wagon that was manufactured about the year 1830 by Joseph Berry in Burke county, N. C., and was bought by George Larmon for \$125, who moved it to this county in 1833. It was in constant use for a number of years, which is in a very good state of preservation and is now owned by Uncle Berry as before stated. The hind wheels are five feet and a half high and the bed holds fifty bushels of corn in the ear.

Mr. Larmon says he moved to this county on the 15th day of April when not a stick of timber had been touched except what the surveyors had cut, and they cleared and fenced land and made corn enough to do a family of eleven persons, six head of horses and 35 head of cattle and a good deal to sell.

That year the family killed 137 rattlesnakes, and Martin Larmon killed 96 deer in one year.

If any one has an older wagon, has killed more deer and rattlesnakes we would like to hear from them.

John Hulsey, Charged With Rape, Acquitted.

John Hulsey who has been confined in Lumpkin county jail near twelve months charged with raping a little girl named Minnie Skinner, was acquitted by the jury last Tuesday. Defendant represented by Cols. Boyd and Lilly and the state by the Solicitor General alone. Able arguments were made on both sides.

The case consumed the entire day but the jury was not out more than ten minutes before a verdict was made and the body ready to return it. The following is the names of the jury that sit on the case:

John S. McDougald,
Arch L. Wimpy,
John N. Davis,
Alfred C. Perry,
James E. Satterfield,
Frank W. Wimpy,
H. D. Ingersoll,
Martin L. Anderson,
Thomas N. Henson,
Marion G. Head,
William C. Thomas,
James L. Smith.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

State Agricultural Department
Answers Questions.

MUCH INFORMATION FURNISHED

The Canada Pea and Its Culture—Certain
Cures for the Hog Cholera—Certain
Cures for the Root Potatoes—Fall Plowing of
Light Land in Georgia and Other
Weevils in Corn.

QUESTION.—Please give me a remedy, if there be any, for preventing weevils from destroying corn unshelled.

ANSWER.—There is but one efficient agent by the use of which you can protect your corn, and that is the bi-sulphide of carbon. I have urged the farmers for two years to try this, and some of them have done so with great success. Georgia will house a fair crop of corn in a short time, much of which will be lost or rendered worthless by the depredation of weevils. When your corn is housed place on top of the pile in shallow vessels or poured on cotton waste, bi-sulphide of carbon, at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of the bi-sulphide to every 100 bushels of corn if the crib is very open, or increased to the 100 bushel if the crib is tight. The bi-sulphide quickly vaporizes and the vapor being heavier than the air descends through the mass of corn, permeating every nook and corner, and killing all insects that it reaches, as well as rats and mice. The bi-sulphide is a colorless liquid with an unpleasant odor, and is a powerful poison, and can be bought at almost any drug store for 20 to 30 cents a pound. There is a much cheaper grade called "fuma bi-sulphide," which is said by those who have tried it to be quite as effective as any. Bear in mind that the vapor of this liquid is very inflammable, and that no fire, even a lighted pipe or cigar, must be taken anywhere near it. This danger exists as long as there is any odor of the bi-sulphide, and may continue for two or three days. The grain will not be injured either for eating or for planting purposes by this treatment. Some of the weevils being protected by the shrubs from contact with the vapor will escape the first application, but a second use of the remedy in three or four weeks will kill these. Shelled corn or wheat peas may be saved from weevils by placing in a hog-head or barrel and applying a proportionate amount of the bi-sulphide as above described. I will be glad to have the result, should any farmer try the remedy. There is no danger in its use if you will bear in mind that the material is very poisonous and very inflammable, and that if you use a large quantity than recommended you will be likely to injure the grain for planting purposes.—State Agricultural Department.

Apples for Market.

QUESTION.—I live in Gilmer county and have good land, both in the valley and on the hills. Would it pay me to plant an apple orchard for market? If yes, will the valley or the hill side be best for the purpose? Give the names of some good varieties of apples for this section.

ANSWER.—I have no doubt that an apple orchard of properly selected varieties, cared for as it should be, will be handsomely in your county and in any other county in northeast and northwest Georgia. The foothills of the Ozark mountains in southern Missouri and northern Arkansas produce splendid crops of superior apples which are shipped to all parts of the United States, and I see no reason why your section should not do the same thing. Apple trees require a good soil, and if your valley land is well drained it will be most suitable for them. At the same time if your hill sides are not very steep and are fertile, as I know many of them are, they will answer very well for the purpose. They must be terraced, however, so that the soil will not wash away. The following are some varieties that will do well in your section: Wine Sap, Tally, Turkey, Cox's Orange, Southern Greening, Fall Pippin, Etona, Kinard, Mrs. Borden, Grimes Golden Pippin. Remember that apple trees require cultivation and attention, and without these they will not be profitable. They draw their sustenance from the earth, and if you rob them of their food by planting other crops on the land you will get a poor return from them. Of course, when the trees are young you might plant peas or clover or some similar crop among them, but in no case put a grain crop on the land. I have often seen this done to the great detriment of the orchard, the corn or wheat or oats robbing the trees of the very elements that they needed for their development. If you will plant an apple orchard as I have suggested and give it the same care that the peach grower of South Georgia, or the orange grower of Florida, does upon his trees, I have no doubt that in the long run the apple orchard will prove as profitable as the others. By all means try it, if you only plant one or two acres.—State Agricultural Department.

Hog Cholera.

QUESTION.—Is there any cure for hog cholera? I see some advertised in the papers, but will they do what they claim?

ANSWER.—Various remedies for this very fatal disease have from time to time been published to the world. Many of them were no doubt worthless, while

a few of them possibly possessed some merit. Not one of them, however, up to this time has proved a sure cure, and many million dollars continue to be lost annually by the loss of hog cholera. It is not the custom of this department to advertise the merits of any medicine, but I do seem the matter of much importance to our farmers that will now depart from the custom, and say to you and other farmers that I believe the cholera can be cured by a medicine put up by Mr. H. P. Dodge of 74 Frazer street, Atlanta, Ga. His testimonials as to the wonderful results of the use of his cholera remedy are many, of them, from as good men as we have in Georgia, some of whom I know personally. They assert most positively that their sick hogs were once cured, and that the spread of the disease stopped by the use of this medicine. I have not tried it on my farm, simply because I have had no cholera among my hogs, but I cannot doubt the testimony of men whom I have heard tried it, and I take this means of advising any who are losing hogs to the cholera to write to the above address for the remedy. I hope I am not mistaken in regard to the efficacy of this medicine, which, in my view it promises to be a boon, not only to the farmers of Georgia, but of the entire country. Mr. Dodge is now in the north, but will soon be in Atlanta, and he offers to go to any part of the state where cholera exists and demonstrate that he can cure it, and this he proposes to do at his own expense.—State Agricultural Department.

For Mothers!

There are no
dangers of
child-birth can
be entirely avoided
by the use of
Wine of Cardui
which gives
tonic to the
genital organs,
and causes them to
work perfectly.
That makes preg-
nancy less painful,
shortens labor and hastens recovery after
child-birth. It helps a woman
bear strong healthy children.

McElree's Wine of Cardui

has also brought happiness to
thousands of human beings for
years. A few doses often brings
joy to loving hearts that long
for a return. Every mother
should protect her child if for this
trouble. It cures nine cases out
of ten. All druggists sell Wine of
Cardui. \$1.00 per bottle.

For advice in cases requiring special
directions, consult the "Ladies' Advisory
Department," in the "Georgia Medicine Co., Chat-
tanooga, Tenn."

Mrs. LOUISA HALE,
of Jefferson, Ga., says:
"When I first took Wine of Cardui
I had been married three years, but
had no children. I took it for a month,
and a month later I had a fine girl baby."

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McElree's
Wine of Cardui

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PELHAM AIR LINE

Condensed Schedule of Passenger Trains.
In Effect May 1, 1893.

Northbound.	No. 12	Yard.	No. 18	Pat. M.
	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
La. Atlanta, Ga.	12:30 a.m.	12:30 a.m.	12:30 a.m.	12:30 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	8:30 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	8:30 a.m.	1:00 p.m.
Buford.	10:05 a.m.	1:00 p.m.	10:05 a.m.	1:00 p.m.
Gainesville.	10:33 a.m.	2:20 p.m.	10:33 a.m.	2:20 p.m.
Gainesville.	11:22 a.m.	2:20 p.m.	11:22 a.m.	2:20 p.m.
Artemesia.	11:54 a.m.	2:30 p.m.	11:54 a.m.	2:30 p.m.
La. Toccoa.	12:54 a.m.	4:30 p.m.	12:54 a.m.	4:30 p.m.
Toccoa.	1:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	1:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Sparta.	1:47 p.m.	4:50 p.m.	1:47 p.m.	4:50 p.m.
Blue Ridge.	2:17 p.m.	5:05 p.m.	2:17 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Chatsworth.	2:49 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	2:49 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
La. Cleveland.	3:15 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	5:30 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:50 a.m.	6:30 a.m.	3:50 a.m.	6:30 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	10:15 a.m.	2:00 p.m.	10:15 a.m.	2:00 p.m.
La. Richmond.	11:25 a.m.	12:00 p.m.	11:25 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:00 p.m.	1:40 p.m.	12:00 p.m.	1:40 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	1:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:00 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:30 p.m.	4:15 p.m.	2:30 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:00 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:30 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	5:30 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:00 p.m.	6:15 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	7:30 p.m.	8:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	8:00 p.m.	9:15 p.m.	8:00 p.m.	9:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	8:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	8:30 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	9:00 p.m.	10:15 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	10:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	9:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.	9:30 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	10:00 p.m.	11:15 p.m.	10:00 p.m.	11:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	10:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.	10:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	11:00 p.m.	12:15 a.m.	11:00 p.m.	12:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	11:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	11:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:00 a.m.	1:15 a.m.	12:00 a.m.	1:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:30 a.m.	1:45 a.m.	12:30 a.m.	1:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.	1:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:00 a.m.	3:15 a.m.	2:00 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	2:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:00 a.m.	4:15 a.m.	3:00 a.m.	4:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	3:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:00 a.m.	5:15 a.m.	4:00 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	4:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:00 a.m.	6:15 a.m.	5:00 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.	5:30 a.m.	6:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:00 a.m.	7:15 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	7:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	6:30 a.m.	7:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:00 a.m.	8:15 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	8:00 a.m.	9:15 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	10:00 a.m.	11:15 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	12:00 p.m.	1:15 p.m.	12:00 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:30 p.m.	1:45 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	1:45 p.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	11:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.	11:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:00 a.m.	1:15 a.m.	12:00 a.m.	1:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:30 a.m.	1:45 a.m.	12:30 a.m.	1:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.	1:00 a.m.	2:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.	1:30 a.m.	2:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:00 a.m.	3:15 a.m.	2:00 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	3:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	3:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:00 a.m.	5:15 a.m.	4:00 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.	4:30 a.m.	5:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:00 a.m.	6:15 a.m.	5:00 a.m.	6:15 a.m.
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Atlanta, Ga.	9:00 a.m.	10:15 a.m.	9:00 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	9:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	10:00 a.m.	11:15 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	10:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	11:00 a.m.	12:15 p.m.	11:00 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	11:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	11:30 a.m.	12:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:00 p.m.	1:15 p.m.	12:00 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	12:30 p.m.	1:45 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	1:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	1:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.	1:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:00 p.m.	3:15 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	2:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.	2:30 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:00 p.m.	4:15 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	3:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.	4:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	4:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.	4:30 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:00 p.m.	6:15 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.	6:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
Atlanta, Ga.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
Atlanta				

Dahlonega *Dugget.*

Good Advertising Medium.

VOL. VIII—NO. 45.

Devoted to Local, Mining and General Information.

One Dollar Per Annum.

DAHLONEGA, GA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1897.

W. B. TOWNSEND, Editor and Publisher.

Dr. H. C. WHEELER,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

Dr. N. F. HOWARD,

Physician & Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

W. P. PRICE. WM. A. CHARTER,
PRICE & CHARTERS,
Attorneys at Law,
—AND—
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AND
Wagon
Repairer,
Dahlonega, Ga.

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where he will ready to work
promptly. Jan 16 ff

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without seeing my machine and slugs
and old cases. Mr. Watson has six
years experience and can give first class
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DAHLONEGA, GA.

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per month. Discount given for
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WRITER with 78 characters;
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It combines simplicity with durability,
speed and ease of operation. Weans
longer without cost of repairs than any
other machine. It is neat, substantial,
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358-364 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
July 23 1901

NOTICE OF LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Georgia, Lumpkin County.
Notice is hereby given that at the session
of the 4th Legislature, held at Atlanta
on October 1, 1897, a bill will be intro-
duced to be entitled "An act to amend an
act establishing a system of public schools
in the State of Georgia, passed on the
12th day of December 1894, so as to provide
for the registration of the qualified voters of
said town who may reside within the said
named act," and for other purposes. This
September 25, 1897.

Grand Jury Presentments,

We, the grand jurors, selected,
and sworn for the October Term
of Lumpkin Superior Court beg
leave to submit the following pre-
sentments:

We have examined the dockets
of the justices of the peace and
notary's public and find them all
correctly kept. Some of the of-
ficers failed to present their dockets
on the first day we met and we
will ask and request that they be
more mindful of their duties in
the future and have their dockets
all on hand ready for inspection
hereafter on the first day the grand
jury is in session according to law.

We have enquired into the con-
dition of the public roads of the
county and find them, so far as we
are able to ascertain, in very good
condition, in fact better than they
have been for years, except the
following places, which we call
the commissioners' especial atten-
tion to and recommend that they have
the same worked out at once, and
any other bad portions of
roads which may have escaped our
attention:

A short piece of road from
Neisler's Ford is reported in bad
condition. Also a short distance
of the road from Jones' Bridge to
the Jarrard old store house is
needing attention. The road from
Grindle's Ford to the county line
is in very bad condition and needs
looking after at once. This place
has been needing attention for
some time and we hope it will not
be neglected any longer.

We are informed that one of the
road commissioners of Davis' dis-
trict refused to sign some official
papers so as to cause a defaulter
to pay a fine. We hope hereafter
that nothing of this kind will occur
again as the duties of road com-
missioners are plain, and we re-
commend that the law be carried
out to a letter in this as well as all
other matters within their juris-
diction.

We are informed that it has be-
come a custom among the road
hands of Crumby's district to re-
lieve all hands of road duty at the
age of forty. We recommend that
the commissioners look after this
matter and not allow men to be
relieved until exempt by law, in this
not another district in the county.
We also request that the old cus-
tom of working roads twice a
year (just before each term of the
court,) be changed, and that they
be put in good condition whenever
it becomes necessary.

We have examined the jail and
find the sanitary condition of the
same in as good condition as could
be expected with the present man-
ner of securing water to supply
the building. We are informed
that the contract is already let out
for the building of a tank so as to
provide all the water necessary.
We recommend that the sewer be
extended from the jail stable down
beneath the residence of Wimpy Jeff-
ersons and turned out of the street.
The stable on the jail lot is need-
ing recovering, the roof of the jail and
all outside wooden work needs
repainting. All of which we recom-
mend to be done. We also recom-
mend that the room at the foot of
the stairway and the hall above
be separated by a partition either
at the head or foot of the stairs so
as to give more room for females
or old persons that are not necess-
arily compelled to be put in cells.

We find that the boxing on the
east side of the court house is
dayed, the roof leaks and a new
flight of stairs is needed on the
right leading to the court room.
Some railing and other wooden
work on the porch has rotted and
needs repairing, all of which we recom-
mend the ordinary have done at

his earliest convenience.

The paupers home was visited
by a committee and the two in-
mates found to be cared for prop-
erly and the farm seems to have
been very well cultivated, but the
land has been damaged somewhat
by the water being turned off from
the canal which runs through the
farm. The cabin with stack
chimney needs new sills under it
raising it to a level and the battons
are loose which need renailling.
The old stables might be torn down
and new ones built, using the same
old lumber, adding new sills. We
only find one plow stock and two
pows which are not enough to
farm with. We request that the
ordinary furnish all the plows
needed and have the necessary re-
pairs made at his earliest convenience.
We think there will be 50
bushels of corn and 600 bundles of
fodder gathered off of the place.
There are good sweet and Irish
potato patches, not dug yet. We
find on the farm one wagon and
harness in good repair, and one
horse wagon. There are three
killing hogs, one sow and four pigs.
There is also a cow in good condition
but will not give milk much
longer, which we think should be
traded for a younger one that will
give milk. We also find three
bushels of peas and one bushel
of beans at the place, and also a
first rate cabbage patch consider-
ing the season. We find that the
farm and inmates are kept clean
and things in a general way care-
fully looked after. We will fur-
ther say that the keeper, Mr. Tom
Lee, deserves credit for the manner
in which he has looked after things
generally, and we recommend that
he be retained provided his ser-
vices can be had at \$100.00 per
year. We have examined the various
statements of goods furnished
the inmates and premises and find
that they are sold at retail prices,
some articles being higher than
can be had in Dahlonega. We re-
commend that the ordinary keep
an eye on this and not pay too
much for supplies. Really we be-
lieve he can make arrangements
with some one to supply whatever
is necessary at less figures than
those we examined.

We received the report of the
finances committee which was
adopted and is hereto attached.
We believe it is to the interest of
the county to continue the services
of this committee and have re-ap-
pointed the same one to wit: Joseph
Allen, W. H. Jones and T. A. P.
Tate. This committee was very
diligent in the discharge of its
duty and performed the work well.
We recommend that the jurors
and court bailiffs be paid \$1.50
per day next year.

We find two vacancies in the
county for Notary's Public, to wit:
837th district and 1051st district.
We recommend that Joseph Allen
be appointed to fill the former and
W. P. Gillispie the latter.
We have examined the pension
lists and find the following persons
drawing money from the state that
are on the indigent list which we
do not believe are entitled under
the law, therefore we recommend
that their names be dropped from
the list, as follows: J. B. Brown,
W. H. Watkins, W. P. Evans,
Geo. Clements, W. I. Holloway,
T. M. Kemp, F. C. Magness, J. J.
Marlow, F. V. Moose, Frank
Robinson, J. W. Satterfield, M. C.
Stallings, W. D. Strickland, Reut-
ber Wilson, B. F. Anderson.

We find that some small bridges
need repairing and rebuilding, to
wit: The approach on the east
side of the Jones bridge needs fill-
ing in so as to make it more easily
for wagons to enter the bridge.
Some work is needed on one end
of the Gamlin bridge in Nimble-
will district, and the bridge across
Yahoola creek is needing some
work. Long Branch bridge near
M. M. London's needs repairing.
We recommend that the ordinary
have all this bridge work done by
contract, letting it out to the low-
est bidder, but it is not the desire
of this body for rock pillars to
be constructed under the Long
Branch bridge, as it can be put up
substantial enough without them.
We do not deem it necessary
nor do we believe it would be us-
ing economy to have the Bearden
bridge covered, as the sills are
about 20 years old and it would
almost be like throwing money
away to cover this bridge, there-
fore we request the ordinary not
to have this unnecessary work done,
nevertheless we favor cov-
ering all new bridges.

We have examined the tax de-
fauiters list and find quite a num-
ber of persons due taxes from whom
we believe the money could be
collected. We recommend the ordinary
to place these in his hands and
allow the constables to let an
effort be made in this direction.
We also find on the list a profes-
sional tax of ten dollars that is un-
paid, while the one owing it is con-
tinuing his business. We hope
that constables will be more dil-
igent hereafter in the discharge of
their duties and leave nothing un-
collected that can be secured. Every-
one should pay his taxes. We also
recommend that the tax collector
advertise all defauiters here
after at the court house door as re-
quired by law.

We have examined the returns
made by parties for taxes and find
some of them entirely too low.
Proper entries of the same have
been made on both of the digests.
We also recommend that the tax
collector look up all wild or other
unreturned lands and have them
sold.

We recommend that the ordinary
have the treasurers office vaca-
ted by all parties except county of
ficers unless he collects two dollars
per month from now on.

We also recommend that the ordinary
keep his office open according
to law, "at all times except Sunday,"
so that interested parties
may be able to examine any books
and papers therein at any time,
else keep a deputy in it who will
be able to transact any official bus-
iness that may become necessary.

We feel satisfied that there
are too many state cases com-
plicated and allowed to be marked
"settled" on the Justices of the
Peace and Notary's Public dockets,
and violators of the law allowed
to go at large by paying a small
amount of cost to officials. Some-
times these are settled after the arrest
and imprisonment and the county
loses the jail fees. This we are
opposed to and hope that it will
not occur again. Parties may fall out,
fight and get in a good humor
and make friends but this does not
satisfy the law nor relieves the
county of the expense of feeding
them.

We recommend that Hughes
Moore be paid \$1.50 out of the
county funds for carrying a com-
mittee from this body to the pa-
uper's home. We also recommend
that W. S. Huff be paid \$5.00 for
taking down testimony in the jus-
tices court in the case of the state
vs. Ben Elrod.

We have reduced the ordinary's
account from \$83.42 to \$58.82,
which amount we recommend to be
paid. We allowed him \$2.50 per
day for two visits—letting out and
receiving pillars, bridge and other
necessary places, and made a re-
duction in other labor that could
have been performed just as well
by other parties at the prices fixed
by this body. It is not nec-
essary to make so many visits to
places where contracts are let out
as have been charged up. And we
recommend that all work hereafter
be let out to the lowest responsible
bidder by the ordinary.

As a good deal of complaint has
been made about the construction of
the new iron bridge, we made a
thorough investigation and gathered
the following information in
reference to it:

On the 22nd day of May, 1897,
among other bids was the Virginia
Bridge and Iron Co. which proposed
to construct the bridge for \$900, or do the whole work, put-
ting in steel tubes or piers for
\$750, making a total cost for the
piers and bridge \$1650.00. C. M.
Moore bid off the pillars to be con-
structed of stone for the sum of
\$587. The contractors were re-
quired by the ordinary to give a
bond for the faithful performance
of the work and to insure it for
seven years. The Bridge Co. com-
plied with the requirements but
Mr. Moore failed to give a bond
for his contract.

On the 11th day of June there-
after the ordinary, without read-
vertising for bids, made a private
contract with Messrs. Ingersoll &
Jenkins, who had not even bid the
first time, to construct the pillars
for the sum of \$800. And now we
have a couple of pillars down there
built of stone 21 feet high without
a bit of lime or cement, or any sec-
urity or assurance that they will
stand and if they were to tumble
down today the county could not
collect one cent from the contractors.
The work has been completed,
received by the ordinary and no bond
required of the contractors further than that of one
taken for the faithful performance
of the work, which is now void.
This we say is unwise and illegal
on the part of our ordinary. For
he has no right to contract work
when the sum exceeds \$300 without
advertising the same according
to law.

The ordinary claims that he has
a good bond for the insurance of
both pillars and iron work for
seven years, but we can't agree
with him as to the stone work.
The Bridge & Iron Co. guaranteed
its work to "carry a load of 1000
pounds per lineal foot, for a period
of seven years from the 22nd day
of May, 1897, it being understood
that the company is not responsi-
ble for actions of cyclones, high
water, fire, lightning or other dam-
ages or injuries to the metal work
caused by collisions with vehicles,
nor for defects of the construction
of the piers." This is the language
of the Virginia Iron & Bridge Co.'s
bond which is for \$1800.00. The
bond presented to us by Mr. Tate
who says that it holds the contrac-
tors of the stone work responsible
for any damages that may occur
to them within seven years, reads
as follows:

Georgia, Lumpkin County.
We, John H. Jenkins and H. D.
Ingersoll as principal, and
securities, acknowledge ourselves
jointly and severally, held and
bound unto W. H. C. Tate, ordinary
of said county, and his suc-
cessor in office, in the sum of
\$1800.00, subject to the following
conditions: John H. Jenkins and
H. D. Ingersoll have this day been
awarded the contract to build two
certain piers or pillars and all nec-
essary abutments for public iron
bridge across Chestatee river in
said county known as New Bridge
according to certain duly adver-
tised details and specifications at
and for the sum of \$800, the same be-
ing the lowest bona fide bid for
said contract, said contract to be
completed within 90 days from this
date.

(CONTINUED ON 2ND PAGE.)

Are different from all other
medicines. Each performs
a specific duty, thus curing away
with the drastic purgatives and curing by
Mild Power Theory.

One Pink Pill touches the liver, re-
moves the bile, removes the bile
and removes the bile. The
Tonic Pill does the rest.
Have one. Sample free at any store.
Complete Treatment, 25 doses \$25.
Brown Mfg. Co., N. Y. & Greeneville, Tenn.

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GOODS

LOW PRICES

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SUCH AS
DRY GOODS
Boots,
Shoes,
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HARDWARE.

Sewing
Machines.

In fact anything
usually found in any
general mercantile es-
tablishment can be
had at

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RECEIVED

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 29, 1897.

Entered at the Dahlonega, Ga. P. O. as Second Class Matter.

The yellow fever has struck Selma, Ala.

An effort is being made to get a pardon for Lewis Redwine.

H. H. Commor, a refugee from Montgomery, is now critically ill with yellow fever in Atlanta.

Union county's paupers will only cost it \$1.80 this year per month.

The present administration has made 179 colored appointments to positions in the national government, carrying salaries at \$129,390 per year.

Yellow fever is still spreading in the infected districts. There were 57 new cases in New Orleans Monday and 11 deaths. Fifty-nine new cases Tuesday and seven deaths.

John Tyler Cooper, the ex-Mayor of Atlanta, who was sentenced to pay a fine and some months in Fulton county jail for embezzlement, is now a free man. His term having expired Wednesday.

Dr. L. S. Hopkins, who voted for McKinley and expected to go as a minister to Greece, has become general agent in the Equitable Life Insurance Co., with headquarters in New York, and with a salary of \$5,000.

Dr. C. A. Ryder, of Gainesville, says that the recent grand jury that failed to return a bill against the parties who lynched his brother some time ago, was composed of relatives and close friends of the murderers.

There is a spot of ground in one of the cemeteries at Macon about the size of a parlor where it is said that it has been raining for four days while the sky is perfectly clear. Many people have visited the place, none of whom can account for it.

Four candidates will be in the field for governor, to wit: F. G. DuBignon, of Chatham; J. Pope Brown, of Polk; Allen Fort, of Sumter; Joseph M. Bell, of Meriwether, and quite likely Col. Allen D. Candler of Hall will make the race. So there will be no trouble in getting suitable men to fill the gubernatorial chair next time.

Charles J. Smith, a negro, was appointed postmaster at Ragtown, a fourth-class office in the Rock Springs district of Claiborne county, Miss. The appointment gave so much dissatisfaction that a public meeting was held Friday. Resolutions were adopted protesting against Smith's appointment on the grounds that he was not identified with the interests of the people of that locality and is obnoxious personally to 95 per cent. of the patrons of the post office. The meeting also appointed a committee to wait upon Smith and request him to resign. The committee did so, and Smith answered that he desired to be in harmony with the leading citizens and to do nothing in opposition to their expressed will. He said he would return his commission.

George Adams, of Lumpkin county, who has been serving out a sentence for blockading is now out of jail. Some time last year he was sentenced to three months imprisonment in Fulton county jail. When his time expired he was taken out to "swear off" the \$100 sentence like all poor blockaders. He carried a Bible in his hand. When asked to take the oath he said that, "Jesus Christ said swear not," and could not be induced to take the paupers oath. Dalton are greatly relieved.

A Cure for Heartburn.

One burning sensation in the stomach, the nail and suffusions which I experienced for two long months, due to continued constipation and biliousness. I tried every known remedy, and finally I tried Ramon's Liver Pills & Trinitro Pill. I took them carefully. After taking a few doses I began to improve. I have not used more than three or four. I am now in full health. My restoration to perfect health I ever attribute to the use of Ramon's Liver Pills.

John Langston was fined \$750 week before last.

The chain gang sentences to be served are paid off the above cases on payment of the fines and costs.

This wound up the business in the car robbery trials and the citizens of Dalton are greatly relieved.

A Cure for Heartburn.

The nail and suffusions which I experienced for two long months, due to continued constipation and biliousness. I tried every known remedy, and finally I tried Ramon's Liver Pills & Trinitro Pill. I took them carefully. After taking a few doses I began to improve. I have not used more than three or four. I am now in full health. My restoration to perfect health I ever attribute to the use of Ramon's Liver Pills.

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Superior Court Adjourns.

The October Term of Lumpkin Superior Court adjourned last Saturday afternoon after being in session since Monday. A large number of cases both civil and criminal were disposed of, and it is believed that all the business left over can be disposed of in three days at the next term of the court. The cases disposed of since our last report (Thursday afternoon) are as follows:

Sarah E. Rider vs. Samuel Rider—order for alimony and attorney's fees.

J. F. Moore vs. Newton Jones, L. C. Jones and C. N. Jones—claim dismissed.

State vs. John Stover—retailing. Verdict of guilty.

State vs. Ben Elrod, col.—felony. Verdict of guilty. Jury recommended that he be punished as for misdemeanor.

J. F. Bigbee vs. John Summerour and Anderson Spriggs—junction, &c. Compromise verdict.

Florence N. Smith vs. Moultrie Smith—libel for divorce. Order to perfect service.

Charles Lanard vs. D. C. Smith, et. al.—complaint. Verdict for plaintiff.

State vs. Will Perry and W. J. Crane—riot. Not prosed.

State vs. John Satterfield—asault. Verdict of guilty.

W. Y. Atkinson vs. M. J. Smith, principal, and J. E. Dunn, H. D. Ingersoll, H. C. Whelchel, securiters—forefeiture recognized.

State vs. Geo. Shelton, principal, and Wm. Thompson, securiters. Sequefias.

J. F. Bigbee vs. John Summerour and Anderson Spriggs—junction, &c., W. H. Satterfield receiver. Report filed and received.

Frank W. Hall vs. David Nichols—foreclosure of mortgage.

J. F. Moore vs. R. H. Field, et. al.—partition of realty. Commissioners made report and were discharged.

J. F. Moore, Exr., vs. R. H. Field—partition of realty. Commissioner made report and discharged.

W. A. Whelchel vs. J. W. Walker—action on note. An appeal from Justice's Court. Verdict for defendant.

Dalton's Robbers.

All of the gang of robbers and parties receiving stolen goods at Dalton, were sentenced last Saturday except Jim Harris as follows:

Walter Bohannon, ten years in the penitentiary.

Sam Painter, Ben Pierce, Tom Kinneman, and Ed. Morris, col., three years each in the penitentiary.

Bill Long one year in the penitentiary.

Ralph Ellison and Luke White, one year each in the chain gang.

FOR RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS.

Mac Cannon, \$1,000 fine and costs and twelve months in the chain gang.

T. J. Peeples, \$500 and costs, and twelve months in the chain gang.

John Bender, \$250 fine and costs and 12 months.

Kirk Fanner, \$250 fine and costs and six months in the chain gang.

W. B. McCanson, \$200 and costs and six months.

Anderson Geddings, \$200 and cost and same imprisonment.

George Horan, \$200 fine and costs, same imprisonment.

Clee Cumbee, \$50 fine and costs and same imprisonment.

Ed. Roberts \$25 fine and costs and three months in jail.

Jess Langston was fined \$750 week before last.

The chain gang sentences to be served are paid off the above cases on payment of the fines and costs.

This wound up the business in the car robbery trials and the citizens of Dalton are greatly relieved.

A Cure for Heartburn.

The nail and suffusions which I experienced for two long months, due to continued constipation and biliousness. I tried every known remedy, and finally I tried Ramon's Liver Pills & Trinitro Pill. I took them carefully. After taking a few doses I began to improve. I have not used more than three or four. I am now in full health. My restoration to perfect health I ever attribute to the use of Ramon's Liver Pills.

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Grand Jury Presentments.

(CONTINUED FROM 1ST PAGE.)

Now, should the said J. H. Jenkins and H. D. Ingersoll faithfully perform said contract according to the details and specifications aforesaid and indemnify said county of Lumpkin for any damages occasioned by a failure to perform said contract within the prescribed time then this bond to be void.

Witness our hands and seals,

J. H. JENKINS, L. S.

H. D. INGERSOLL, L. S.

J. F. MOORE, L. S.

GOOD MCGUIRE.

The funds for the construction of all this work were borrowed from A. G. Kanada at 8 per cent.

interest. We recommend that the ordinary settle off the note or notes out of the first bridge funds paid into the treasury so as to stop the interest for the bridge has already cost too much unless we can have some assurance of its standing.

In taking leave of his honor, Judge J. J. Kimsey, we desire to express our high appreciation of him as a man, and his fair and impartial manner of administering the law, and to Solicitor Howard Thompson we wish to return our thanks for the able services given to this body.

We recommend that these presentments be published in both our county papers, if they will agree to divide the fees as heretofore.

B. F. Chapman, Foreman.

A. L. Garvin, J. W. Rider, W.

A. McGeo, Samuel Jones, R. P.

Reeves, E. E. Crisson, John Bogus, W. J. Crane, J. W. Jones,

Thomas Davis, T. R. Edwards, J.

L. Poor, W. H. Wimpy, H. W. S.

Stringer, John Wacaster, W. H.

Early, W. J. T. Hutcheson, John

Cochran, R. M. Ash, J. H. Satterfield, F. C. Ravan, W. B. Towns-

end.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

We, the undersigned Finance Committee for Lumpkin County, Ga., beg leave to submit the following report of their labors in the examination of books and papers of the several county officials submitted for their inspection:

TAX RECEIVER.

Your committee has carefully examined the tax receiver's digest and take pleasure in reporting the same reasonably well executed and free from errors, and omissions, though during our last examination, we find in the general footings of Chestnut district an error of \$225.00 in excess of the real amount.

We also find an error of \$10,000.00 in Dahlonega, or the S37th district, less than should be credited to said district, which errors have been corrected on general consolidation of digest. We find the total amount of property subject for taxation, as appears from digest \$669,101. Total polls \$129,000. These figures are as near as your Com. could reach the real amount and there may be a few dollars taken in by the ordinary or tax collector that do not appear on the digest. We find several instances where lands have been given in at unreasonably low figures and desire to call the attention of the grand jury to the fact.

All of which is respectfully submitted. This Oct. 15, 1897.

JOSEPH ALLEN,

JHOS. A. P. TATE,

WM. H. JONES,

Committee.

Georgia, Lumpkin County, Clerk's Office, Lumpkin Superior Court.

I, John H. Moore, Clerk of said Court of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true extract from the minutes of said court for the October Term, 1897.

JOHN H. MOORE, C. S. C.

Harry Carsin, who is under indictment in Fulton Superior court for the embezzlement of \$71,000 from the Georgia Loan and Savings Banking Co., forfeited his bond of ten thousand dollars Monday.

It turns out that \$90,000 has been paid out of the U. S. treasury on the Creek Indian debts on warrants forged by a chief, who confessed the crime.

BOOKS OF SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

We have examined the books of Sheriff Jackson and find them correctly kept, and all entries supported by proper vouchers. At this point we would state that we find on looking over the general fund a balance on hand of \$85,04.

BOOKS OF SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

In examining books, &c., of sheriff's office we take pleasure in reporting the same neatly and correctly kept.

We have examined the different books pertaining to the clerk's office and find them all properly and neatly kept, and in this connection we desire to particularly commend the clerk for improvements in his office in adding state and civil subpoena books, and also a civil cost docket, which we regard as of very

material improvement in the books of his office.

We have also examined the books of the ordinary's office and so far as we could judge would pronounce them properly kept. On examining the order book for bridges kept by the ordinary we find that the piers for the new iron bridge cost \$780.00, which is \$20 less than the sum bid by Messrs. Ingersoll and Jenkins, but they agreed to deduct said account if the ordinary would relieve them from the work of pointing said piers, which he agreed to. We further find that the iron work performed by the Virginia Iron & Bridge Co. cost the county of Lumpkin \$900.00, and that the ordinary issued to them three county orders as follows: One for \$300.00 and three for \$200.00. Said orders bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

There are also sundry accounts

amounting to \$116.00 which will

make the total cost of the bridge

amount to \$1796.00. We would

state at this point that the ordinary issued to Messrs. Ingersoll and Jenkins two county orders. One for \$268.05 to Jenkins and one to

Ingersoll for \$431.95, which

amounts were in full for work on

piers, which they having been paid \$80.00 prior to the completion of said

work.

We find that the ordinary has

levied the following amounts for

taxes for the year 1897:

For county purposes.....20

For jury.....17

For bridge.....25

For jail.....10

For pauper.....7.9

77.9

We would recommend that the ordinary keep only one minute book for his county court.

We have carefully examined the books of the county school commissioner and find the same neatly and properly kept. We find that he had on hand at last report \$482.38 and has received since that time \$2055.00, making a total of \$2537.43, and has paid out on proper vouchers \$1940.76, having a net balance to his credit of \$596.67.

We would recommend that the ordinary keep only one minute book for his county court.

We have carefully examined the books of the county school commissioner and find the same neatly and properly kept. We find that he had on hand at last report \$482.38 and has received since that time \$2055.00, making a total of \$2537.43, and has paid out on proper vouchers \$1940.76, having a net balance to his credit of \$596.67.

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We have carefully examined the books of the

THE NUGGET.

DAHLONEGA, GA., OCT. 23, 1897.

Farmers are now busy sowing grain.

Mrs. J. B. Thomas was up on a visit from Dawsonville last week.

Merchant Jim Tate was down from Chestatee district last Sunday to see the old folks.

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Noldes the other day who is here from Nashville looking over our gold fields.

Mrs. Corrie Norris, who has been spending several months here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Stow, left for Atlanta last Monday.

The grand jury did a considerable amount of business last week. Besides looking after various county matters they acted on fifty-four bills and returned twenty-six "true."

It is very hard matter to transact business with juries who can't hear. In talking to them you do not only strain your lungs but give your secrets away to every one outside of the court house standing about any where on the square.

Spring time, gentle Anne, has gone and those who wanted to let us have wood can now come forward provided they can afford to sell it as cheap to a printer as others—\$1.25 per cord. If not you can just pay us either silver or greenbacks.

Bud Pitman, who was recently arrested in Dahlonega by Sheriff Brooksher, was carried back to Fannin county last Monday by the jailor. Bud was charged with carrying a pistol and had escaped jail and came over on a visit to keep from meeting Judge Gober.

Will Jarrard was wedded to Miss Allen Baker Monday of last week before breakfast in Porter Springs district. The young man came after his license on Saturday but the ordinary was absent and he could not get them until he returned late Sunday evening, is why the young couple had the matrimonial knot tied before breakfast.

At a singing up at Hightower church last Sunday some imbibed too freely in mountain dew to take any part in the music. It was not only young men, but old ones. A bachelor some 35 or 40 years of age, by the name of McDougald, got so full that he lay stretched out across the road some forty or fifty yards from the church like a sprawling adder.

The suit of Bigbee vs. Summer our Sprigs over the rich gold mine, which was guarded with the gun and bayonet, came to an end last week. The jury was out all night without making a verdict and a settlement was agreed upon the next morning. Mr. Bigbee pays the cost, takes charge of the mine and the colored man interest allowed the proceeds of a certain amount of ore he had taken out.

Some of the grand jury last week were in favor of selling the pauper's farm until they visited the place. The keeper, Mr. Tom Lee, had made such a change and treated the inmates so well that they wanted it continued and recommended his salary to be raised to one hundred dollars, which met the approval of the entire body and so goes on record to that effect.

Marshal Grizzel went up into Nimblewill last Monday and destroyed a large distillery being in operation by John Wehunt, of Lumpkin county, and Cal. Reese, of Gilmer who were brought in and bound over by Com. Baker. One of them stepped up and directed us to send him the NUGGET after he had made bond. We asked him about the money and he said that he did not have but one nickel in the world. Most all blockaders are in the same condition. They had better quit the business and follow something more profitable, big, little, old and young.

Mrs. A. G. Wimpy and Guy Reese left this week for Covington to be gone some time.

One citizen of Chestatee district has already picked up and carried off 40 bushels of chestnuts within the past few weeks.

Five more stamps are being added to the Big Joe mine. This proves that they have something worth working over there.

The subscription of several of our readers will soon expire and it is time for them to begin to fix about and renew it if they desire to read the NUGGET.

It is said that Uncle Charlie Besser has been confined to his bed ever since he left Dahlonega for Atlanta and will not likely ever see our town any more.

B. R. Meaders was delayed in making his trip to Swainsboro until last Monday morning, and will be absent most of the time now he says until the first of April.

Col. Charters and ex-post master Gurley left last Sunday for Atlanta. The Colonel went to be ready for business at the capitol Wednesday and Mr. Gurley attended the Grand Lodge of the Masonic Fraternity at Macon.

The bridge across Yahoolla creek on the Neels Ford road broke through with Ben Anderson's team last Saturday but fortunately no damage was done the team. This is one of the bridges recommended to be repaired by the grand jury last week.

A cart drawn by Jim Phillips' gray horse tamed over Sunday afternoon in front of Prof. Galloway's residence and emptied its contents in the dust, consisting of a cushion and Miss May Worley and Miss Georgia Howell. The young ladies after adjusting the vehicle hopped in and resumed their journey.

The school of Miss Alice Roberts closed at Hamp's Chapel last week and all of the patrons were well pleased with the teaching of the young lady. A resolution was passed by the patrons of the school tendering the board of education thanks for furnishing them with such a competent teacher and asked that Miss Roberts be re-appointed to teach there next year.

The ordinary seems to misconstrue the meaning of the last grand jury when it recommended all bridges to be let out to the lowest bidder. It didn't mean for him to take time and advertise 30 days in the papers for bids on small jobs that needed immediate attention, but to see two or three men that do such work and let the one have it that will do it the cheapest.

Ed. Austin, who swore out a warrant against another negro last week and had him put in jail for striking him, decided the fellow was only playing and didn't swear enough for the jury to return a bill against the boy. Instead it made a return of a malitious prosecution and the other fellow was turned out and Ed. took his place until his father and uncle could raise \$12.40 to get him out. This will likely be a warning to the boy. He used to make a business of reporting cases to the marshal and it is now coming home to him.

One-eyed Bill Crane told quite an interesting story to Judge Kimsey last week when asked if he had anything to say before the sentence of court was past upon him. He became partially deaf and was one of the most innocent looking men in court. He tried to touch the judges sympathy in various ways. He even told that he was raised by a Baptist preacher and that he had been visiting Sunday School. There were three cases against him but the witnesses in two bad been "run" and those were not pressed. But this talk didn't do him any good. He was sentenced and shown the interior of the jail, and told that he would have to don the stripes if the money was not paid. Bill has run at a large long time. No doubt has made and sold hundreds of gallons of liquor to big, little, old and young.

New students still continue to come.

The talis and other jurors last week cost the county \$477.00.

Rev. W. T. Hunnicutt and lady are on a visit to Ellijay this week.

Miss Eugenie Allen left Monday for Swainsboro, where she goes to instruct a class in fancy work.

The funeral of Linda Walker will be preached at Macedonia church on the second Sunday in Nov. by Jonathan Gilreath.

Judge Tate will leave for Augusta in a few days with a drove of cattle. Squire Worley will look after the ordinary's office in his absence.

C. H. Hart, general manager of the Hall Mid Co., visited Atlanta this week to lay in a supply of new goods. Probably you will hear from him next week.

A visitor remarked the other day that a lot of Western men were anticipating coming to Dahlonega but were prevented by the yellow fever breaking out at various places.

Uncle T. L. Davis, who was granted a total divorce the other day was in town this week. He chewed his tobacco faster and got along with apparently more ease than he has for years.

Virge Parks, who is said to be in the lead of all the blockaders of Lumpkin county, was in Dahlonega last Tuesday. Virge has a keen eye and if he does blockade, is not caught up with often.

There should be a law requiring testimony taken down in all state cases before Justices of the Peace. Also before the grand jury. If this was done it would be the means of many guilty persons being convicted who now escape punishment. Witnesses then could be kept up with.

Our old friend Eli Wehunt was in Dahlonega first of the week to make a bond for one of his sons, who was caught in the act of making mountain dew. He at one time represented this county in the legislature but he hardly ever talks politics now or leaves his home except on business.

Uncle Henry Castleberry, who sold some liquor some time ago, is all right now. Both the Lord and church had forgiven some weeks ago, so he said, and last week when he went to Judge Kimsey and told him of the condition of his family and that he had traded an old pistol for some liquor and sold a small quantity, the Judge also forgave the poor old darkey and allowed the case to be no pros.

All of the defendants fined at last week's court settled off except blind John Hester and John Satterfield. Satterfield was carried to Fulton county chain gang by the sheriff last Wednesday, and an effort will be made to blaze out the way for Hester. He is blind and is about as much trouble to the officers as the fellow's elephant. If the authorities will give enough for him to pay expenses he will also be carried. The officers propose to give him their cost if any one will pay his fine.

James B. Waters, one of Nimblewill's most successful farmers came in last Saturday after his good lady who had been spending a day or two in our city with relatives. While the gentleman was handling us a wheel for the NUGGET he told us of an old foot log near his house across a small stream that has quite likely been there one hundred years. His father located at the place in 1830 and the log was there then. It was cut down by Indians with their tomahawks and placed across the stream before he went there and has been used ever since. It is a locust log and is perfectly sound yet.

We received a letter from Jarret, N. C., last Saturday evening that contained a variety of things. Besides a lot of postage stamps for the NUGGET we found the rattles of a snake, and scales of a fish the size of a nickel. The letter was from John Postell who used to reside in Dahlonega who stated that he had just been fishing and caught one of the finny tribe measuring 37 inches, the scales of which came off of it. The rattles were taken from ten or ten rattlers killed at their den by him and another man. After they had killed the tenth one the scales made them so sick that they had to leave while other snakes were singing in the den.

It is whispered that the friends of Capt. F. M. Williams are going to run him next time for the legislature to represent Lumpkin county. If the Captain does allow his name to be used he will keep the tract warm, besides this he will be a hard horse to carry, and if elected will keep his end of the single tree with the boys down there. He will not have to be blindfolded to get him on the train nor led to the capital after reaching the city of Atlanta. He has done been initiated long ago and the sight of them with our mountain boys and the capitol will not alarm him.

Senator Castleberry left for Atlanta last Monday to resume his labors in the legislature.

Here it is the last of October and katydids and peach tree leaves are still unmolested by Jack frost.

Some cheap second hand buggies for sale by M. J. Williams. Call and get a bargain.

Merchant McGee has gone across the mountain this week to "take up a collection" for goods he has already sold.

A nice line of dry goods just received at the New Commissary. Call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Goods all sold at rock bottom prices.

It is rather late for green beans, but nevertheless Mrs. J. J. Sebolt, living next door to the NUGGET office picked a mess of green beans out of her garden last Monday.

Atlanta's Masons celebrated their fiftieth anniversary last Wednesday. It was a great masonic event. Mr. H. D. Gurley was on hand and shared the pleasures of the occasion.

Last Tuesday while we were having beautiful sunny weather in Dahlonega, causing big drops of perspiration to fall from our brow the wind was blowing and the snow falling in Colorado, doing great damage, amounting to \$100,000 alone in Denver.

The city council met Wednesday to adjust some tax assessments that had been made through a mistake. Some parties appeared before the body asking for a reduction of taxes on certain property, but the body refused to comply with the request.

Our old friend Eli Wehunt was in Dahlonega first of the week to make a bond for one of his sons, who was caught in the act of making mountain dew. He at one time represented this county in the legislature but he hardly ever talks politics now or leaves his home except on business.

John Findley, of Gainesville, is still with us, but none of the young ladies needn't to get stuck on him for he says that he would be afraid to marry any Lumpkin county woman for fear that she would want to quit him. The 17 divorce suits on the superior court docket caused him to become alarmed, and it is doubtful now whether he ever marries.

All of the defendants fined at last week's court settled off except blind John Hester and John Satterfield. Satterfield was carried to Fulton county chain gang by the sheriff last Wednesday, and an effort will be made to blaze out the way for Hester. He is blind and is about as much trouble to the officers as the fellow's elephant. If the authorities will give enough for him to pay expenses he will also be carried. The officers propose to give him their cost if any one will pay his fine.

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The Jury Drawn For Next Term of the Court.

GRAND.

J. B. Brown,
Joseph Allen,
J. M. Christopher,
J. E. Blackburn,
J. C. Brittain,
J. B. Stringer,
James E. Peck,
Joseph Ridley,
W. H. Reid,
Y. G. Abercrombie,
L. W. Cochran,
J. M. Adams,
J. B. Swancy,
G. W. Walker, Sr.,
H. C. Whelchel,
R. N. Mays,
J. A. Berry, Sr.,
F. G. Jones,
S. M. Grizzel,
J. H. Bowers,
W. H. C. Tate,
A. L. Wimpy,
J. C. Stargel,
Josiah White,
S. H. Kenady,
W. J. Burt,
Noah White,
J. P. McGee,
J. A. Howard,

SPECIAL.

H. P. Johnson,
B. C. Bryan,
M. L. Jones,
John Robinson,
G. A. Marlou,
W. A. Waters,
James Seabolt,
G. N. Burges,
W. H. Satterfield,
A. M. Hyden,
T. A. Christopher,
F. M. Seabolt,
E. M. Hudson,
C. H. Jones,
W. L. Seabolt,
E. D. Moose,
E. J. Walden,
John Rider,
Price Robinson,
Marion Chester,
Can Reeves,
G. W. Cochran,
J. F. Bennett,
J. B. Avery,
Hardy Perry,
James Howard,
M. M. London,
J. H. Seabolt,
Rob. Chapman,
Eldridge Lingerfelt,
W. G. Spencer,
W. B. Gurley,
J. J. Garner,
J. F. Tiner,
W. J. Dowdy,
J. W. Jones.

The Grand Jury Presentments.

The presentations of the recent grand jury will be found quite lengthy this week. It required it as county matters were thoroughly sifted and well ventilated.

No doubt it will be centured for cutting off so many pensioners who were drawing money from the state for various disabilities.

It was found that some who were drawing were deserters and had crossed the line in time of need, others were earning one dollar per day for their work while some had property which was transferred to their wives in order to get this pension money.

One pensioner was found to be strong enough to carry an old copper still from place to place and violate the laws of the government and at this time is being cared for by Uncle Sam.

The weather continues warm and dry but little can be done in the way of mining.

D. M. Almon, father of the young men who used to go to college at Dahlonega, died at Cavey on the other day.

Judge Gaston will be a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor of Gainesville, and will likely be opposed by R. D. Mitchell, one of the present councilmen. The former used to be a Dahlonega boy and we hope he will get it.

The appearance of yellow fever in Montgomery, Alabama, caused the official there to send eleven moonshiners to Atlanta, but Sheriff Nelms said he didn't wish to mix them with our mountain boys and the capitol will not alarm him, they were carried to Douglasville, for life.

Court Sentences.

Eleven defendants who were found guilty of violating some of the various laws of their country, had their cases passed upon by his honor, Judge Kinsey, in the following manner:

John Stover, retailing, \$15 and costs, or six months in the chain gang.

Wm. McDougald, assault and battery, \$10 and costs or three months in the chain gang.

Frank Orissen, carrying a pistol, \$10 and costs or three months in the chain gang.

Charlie Hunter, assault, \$10 and costs or three months in the chain gang.

John Satterfield, disturbing worship, \$10 and costs or three months in the chain gang.

John Corn, Jr., retailing, \$15 and costs or six months in the chain gang.

Bill Crane, retailing, \$15 and costs or six months in the chain gang.

Ben Elrod, forgery, \$15 and costs or six months in the chain gang.

Geo. Shelton, retailing, \$10 and costs or three months in the chain gang.

All these defendants, both white and black, had an opportunity to pay out except John Satterfield. In one of his cases there was no alternative and he must be compelled to work at hard labor in the chain gang while others, equally as guilty as this friendless boy were allowed to pay a fine and are now at liberty with their relatives and friends enjoying the pleasures of life. We have no hesitancy in saying that his honor was too severe on the boy. It is true that the defendant has a bad name but judges should not allow themselves to be influenced by outside reports. No, they should be governed by the testimony in the case same as jurors investigating it. He was not charged in the bill with anything except an assault. The other charges were not in it, none of which had been brought against him in open court, and all parties are innocent in the eyes of the law until it is proven to the contrary. The bill has not been returned but a few minutes for an assault until he was rushed into trial without being permitted to send for a single witness. It was all a one-sided game. And when a verdict was returned the finishing touch was added in short order and the defendant was given what is called justice. He had the least mercy shown him of any defendant we ever saw carried to the court room.

One of the defendants in the above list, charged with an assault with intent to murder, who had cut a negro's throat, was allowed to plead guilty to an assault and fined only \$10. Another one who, if all reports are true, has made and sold enough liquor to swim a horse, causing sorrow and untold suffering, was fined \$15. There were two other cases against him which were allowed to be not pressed. He too has settled his fine, returned to the mountains and in all probability is in the same old business, while Satterfield is toiling at hard licks in the chain gang.

Oh, mercy! Oh, Justice! Where are either one of you?

The convict reform bill of Mr. Hall has been amended so much by the legislative committee that he hardly recognizes it now. A large amount of gas has escaped and much money has already been expended over the convict question, and in the final wind up the convicts will still be in their old camps without any change in the management and some men will continue to get rich off of them as they are doing now, and these unfortunate persons will continue to receive the same severe punishment except when a committee is sent around to look after them.

Taylor Delt, who killed sheriff Guinn, of Pike county, goes up for life.

